[2]

## CONSTITUTIONAL PRINCIPLES

We propose that the following general constitutional principles, which build on and clarify principles agreed to in the Declaration of Intent, be enshrined in the new constitution.

- South Africa will be a united, democratic, non-racial and non-sexist state in which sovereign authority is exercised over the whole of its territory;
- the Constitution will be the supreme law and will be guarded over by an independent, non-racial, non-sexist and impartial judiciary;
- 3. there will be a multi-party democracy with the right to form and join political parties and with regular elections on the basis of universal adult suffrage on a common voters roll; each vote shall be of equal value and in general the basic electoral system shall be that of proportional representation;
- there shall be a separation of power with appropriate checks and balances;

- the diversity of languages, cultures and religions of the people of South Africa shall be acknowledged;
- 6. all shall enjoy universally accepted human rights, freedoms and civil liberties including freedom of religion, speech and assembly protected by an entrenched and justiciable Bill of Rights and a legal system that guarantees equality of all before the law;
- 7. within the context of an undivided South Africa, government will function at national, regional and local levels; the appropriate division and de-centralisation shall be such as to encourage non-racial, democratic participation and administration at all levels;
- the Constitution shall enable the application of affirmative action in order to help redress the racial and gender imbalances created by past discrimination.

AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS