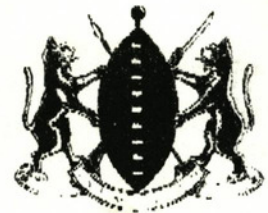


OFFICE OF THE MILITARY COUNCIL
REPUBLIC OF TRANSKEI



67

FAX TRANSMISSION

TO CODE SECRETARIAT
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FAX NO 011 397 224411
DATE 27 FEBRUARY 1992
TIME 12420
FROM MR S.H.L. MATEBESE

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PLEASE CONTACT : MATEBESE .

AT (27) (0471) 22510 INTERNATIONAL CALLS

OR (0471) 22510 LOCAL CALLS

S.H.L. MATEBESE

ATTORNEY — AT — LAW

Septimus Hudson Lulama Matebese, B.Sc.

MAIN STREET
P.O. BOX 16
ELLIOTDALE, TRANSKEI

Telephone: 14

Your Ref.

S.H.L./ttd

Our Ref.

26 February, 1992

Mr Iubanga,
c/o Dept. of Military Council,
11th Floor- Botha Sizweu building,
UTAPATA.

Dear Sir,

re : INFORMATION REQUESTED IN TERMS OF PARAGRAPH 6 OF MINUTES
OF MEETING OF SUB-GROUP 2 OF WORKING GROUP 4 HELD ON 17TH
JANUARY, 1992.

Enclosed please find :-

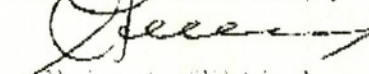
- (a) Letter d.t 3 21/2/92 from the Director General of Department
of Interior addressed to Miss S.M. Sizweu c/o Mr M. Situm.
- (b) Copy of ^{Act} No. 26/76 - Citizenship of Transkei Act, 1976.
- (c) Copy of Chapter 2 of Transkei Constitution Act, No. 15 of
1976.

Kindly copy these documents and forward said copies to Codesa
Secretariat to reach them not later than 4.00 p.m., Thursday,
27th February, 1992.

Thank the documents enclosed herein back to bearer.

Thank you,

Yours faithfully,


S.H.L. MATEBESE.

(Act No. 26/76) **CITIZENSHIP OF TRANSKEI ACT, 1976.**
ACT 26/76

(English text signed by the President) (Assented to on 22 February 1977)

To prescribe the procedure with relation to the registration of any person as a citizen of Transkei; to provide for the acquisition of citizenship of Transkei and for the renunciation, deprivation and loss of such citizenship; and further to provide for matters incidental thereto.

BE IT ENACTED by the President and the National Assembly of the Republic of Transkei, as follows:—

Definitions.

1. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise indicates —
 - (i) "alien" means a person who is not a citizen of Transkei;
 - (ii) "Constitution Act" means the Republic of Transkei Constitution Act, 1976;
 - (iii) "marriage" includes a customary union as defined in the Transkeian Customary Unions' Registration Act, 1971 (Act 3 of 1971) and "marry" or "married" has a corresponding meaning;
 - (iv) "Minister" means the Minister of the Interior or any other Minister of State appointed by the President under section 19(1) of the Constitution to act in place of the Minister of the Interior;
 - (v) "prescribed" means prescribed by regulation;
 - (vi) "Secretary" means the Secretary for the Interior or any other State official acting in his place;
 - (vii) "this Act" includes the regulations.

(2) For the purposes of this Act a person born aboard a registered ship or aircraft shall be deemed to have been born at the place where the ship or aircraft is registered, and a person born aboard an unregistered ship or aircraft belonging to the government of any country shall be deemed to have been born in that country.

Citizenship by birth.

2. Any person who becomes a citizen of Transkei under section 57(a)(i) and (b) of the Constitution Act shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be a citizen of Transkei by birth.

Citizenship by descent.

3. Any person who becomes a citizen of Transkei under section 57(a)(ii) and (iii), (c) and (d) of the Constitution Act shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be a citizen of Transkei by descent.

Application for registration as a citizen.

4. (1) The application referred to in section 58(1) of the Constitution Act shall be made in writing by or on behalf of the applicant to the magistrate of the district in which he is domiciled.

(2) The magistrate referred to in subsection (1) shall, after hearing the applicant and after examination of any document submitted by the applicant and after consultation with any person as he may deem necessary, report in relation to the applicant on the matters referred to in paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 58(1) of the Constitution Act.

(3) The Minister may after consideration of the application and the report referred to in subsection (2), approve or refuse the application.

(4) If the application is approved by the Minister, the Secretary shall issue to the applicant on payment of the prescribed amount a certificate of registration as a citizen of Transkei in the prescribed form.

(5) The Minister may direct the Secretary to issue to the minor child of an applicant referred to in subsection (4), on payment of the prescribed amount, a certificate of registration as a citizen of Transkei referred to in the said subsection if such child is permanently resident with such applicant.

Determination of eligibility for registration under section 58(2) of the Constitution.

5. (1) The eligibility of any person to be registered as a citizen of Transkei under section 58(2) of the Constitution Act shall be determined by the Minister after consideration of a report referred to in subsection (2) by the magistrate of the district in which such person is domiciled.

(2) The magistrate referred to in subsection (1) shall after hearing the person referred to in the said subsection and after examination of any

document submitted by the said person and after consultation with any person as he may deem necessary, report to the Minister —

- i) on the degree of proficiency of the first-mentioned person in speaking the Xhosa or Sotho language, as the case may be; and
 - (ii) on the question whether the first-mentioned person is a member of, or descended from, or ethnically, culturally or otherwise associated with any tribe resident in a district of Transkei.
- (3) If the Minister is satisfied that the person referred to in subsection (1) is predominantly Xhosa-speaking or Sotho-speaking, as the case may be, and that the said person is a member of, or descended from, or ethnically, culturally or otherwise associated with any tribe resident in a district of Transkei, he shall direct the Secretary to issue to the said person on payment of the prescribed amount a certificate of registration as a citizen of Transkei referred to in section 4(4).

Acquisition of citizenship.

6. (1) Any alien who —
- (a) is not a minor, or if he is a minor, who is or has been married;
 - (b) has been lawfully admitted to Transkei for permanent residence therein;
 - (c) has been permanently and lawfully resident in Transkei for a continuous period of five years immediately before the date of his application;
 - X (d) intends to continue to reside permanently in Transkei and is prepared to renounce any existing citizenship;
 - (e) is able to read and write any one of the languages referred to in section 16 of the Constitution Act; and
 - (f) has an adequate knowledge of the duties, obligations and responsibilities and of the rights, privileges and benefits of citizenship of Transkei,

may apply in writing to the magistrate of the district in which he is permanently resident for a certificate of naturalization as a citizen of Transkei.

(2) The magistrate referred to in subsection (1) shall after hearing the applicant and after consultation with any other person as he may deem necessary and after examination of any document submitted by the applicant, report to the Minister in relation to the applicant on the matters referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f) of the said subsection.

(3) The Minister may after consideration of the application and the report referred to in subsection (2), approve or refuse the application.

(4) The Minister may, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), approve an application in writing on behalf of a minor child, by the responsible parent or the guardian of that minor child who is not or has not been married, who has been lawfully admitted to Transkei for permanent residence therein and who has been permanently and lawfully resident in Transkei for a continuous period of five years immediately before the date of the application.

(5) No period during which an applicant is confined in any prison, gaol, reformatory or other place of detention established by or under any law or in any internment camp, prisoner-of-war camp or mental institution in Transkei or during which his residence in Transkei is under any law in force in Transkei, either conditional or temporary shall, for the purpose of subsection (1), be regarded as a period of permanent residence in Transkei.

(6) If an application referred to in subsection (1) or (4) is approved by the Minister, the Secretary shall on payment of the prescribed amount issue in the name of the applicant a certificate of naturalization as a citizen of Transkei in the prescribed form.

X (7) The Secretary shall forward the certificate to the magistrate referred to in subsection (1) who shall hand it to the applicant after the applicant if he is a person over the age of fourteen years, has taken the oath of allegiance set forth in Schedule 1 to this Act, or if he objects on religious grounds to the taking of an oath, has made a corresponding solemn affirmation before the said magistrate.

(8) The approval or refusal of an application referred to in subsection (1) or (4) shall be in the absolute discretion of the Minister and he may, without assigning any reason, approve or refuse an application as he thinks most conducive to the public interest.

(9) A person to whom or in whose name a certificate of naturalization as a citizen of Transkei has been issued, shall —

- (i) if he is a person over the age of fourteen years, he a citizen of Transkei with effect from the date on which he has taken the oath of allegiance or made the solemn affirmation referred to in subsection 7; and
- (ii) if he is not a person over the age of fourteen years, he a citizen of Transkei with effect from the date of issue of the certificate.

Acquisition of citizenship by married women.

7. (1) Any woman who does not become, or is not eligible to be registered as a citizen of Transkei under section 57(d) or 58 of the Constitution Act, as the case may be, and who on the date of commencement of the Constitution Act is or has been married in terms of any law to a person —

- (a) who becomes a citizen of Transkei by virtue of section 57(a) of the Constitution Act or who is registered as and has become a citizen of Transkei by virtue of section 58 of the Constitution Act; or
- (b) who, having died before the date of commencement of the Constitution Act, would, but for his death, so have become a citizen of Transkei, or so have been eligible for registration as a citizen of Transkei,

shall be deemed to have acquired citizenship of Transkei by marriage with effect from the date of commencement of the Constitution Act.

(2) Any woman who does not become, or is not eligible to be registered as a citizen of Transkei under section 57(d) or 58 of the Constitution Act, as the case may be, and who after the date of commencement of the Constitution Act in terms of any law marries a person who becomes a citizen of Transkei by virtue of section 57(b), (c) or (d) of the Constitution Act or who is registered as and has become a citizen of Transkei by virtue of section 58 of the Constitution Act, shall be deemed to have acquired citizenship of Transkei by marriage with effect from the date of her marriage to the said person.

Renunciation of citizenship.

8. (1) A citizen of Transkei by naturalization who has, subsequent to such naturalization, acquired the citizenship or nationality of any other country, may on payment of the prescribed amount make a declaration in writing to the Minister renouncing his Transkei citizenship.

(2) The Minister shall upon receipt by him of a declaration referred to in subsection (1) direct the Secretary to record such declaration and thereupon the person who made the declaration shall cease to be a citizen of Transkei: Provided that the Minister may refuse so to direct the Secretary while Transkei is at war with any other country.

(3) Whenever a person ceases under subsection (2) to be a citizen of Transkei, the Minister may order that his minor child shall also cease to be a citizen of Transkei, if the other parent of such child is not, or does not remain, a citizen of Transkei.

(4) The Minister may, on application by a person referred to in subsection (1) and on payment of the prescribed amount, cancel the declaration made by him, and if such application includes the minor child of such person, the Minister may in relation to such child, also cancel the order referred to in subsection (3).

(5) Upon the cancellation of a declaration or order as provided for in subsection (4), the person concerned, and his minor child shall, with effect from such date as the Minister may direct, resume, as the case may be, the form of Transkei citizenship such person and his minor child had before the date on which he and his minor child ceased to be citizens of Transkei.

Deprivation of citizenship.

9. (1) The Minister may, after consideration of a report referred to in subsection (3), deprive a citizen of Transkei who is not a minor and who also has the citizenship or nationality of a country other than Transkei, of his citizenship of Transkei, if he is satisfied —

- (a) that such citizen, if he is a citizen of Transkei by registration or naturalization, has obtained a certificate of registration or naturalization, as the case may be, by fraud, false representation or the concealment of a material fact;
- (b) that such citizen has at any time after the commencement of this Act —

- (i) by some voluntary act in or outside Transkei, other than marriage, acquired the citizenship or nationality of a country other than Transkei;
- (ii) if he is a citizen by naturalization, made a declaration renouncing his citizenship of Transkei with intent to accept any other citizenship or nationality;
- (iii) made an oath or other declaration of allegiance to any country other than Transkei;
- (iv) during any war in which Transkei is or has been engaged, served in the armed forces of the enemy country or countries or unlawfully traded or communicated with an enemy or been engaged in or associated with any business which was to his knowledge carried on in such a manner as to assist an enemy in that war;
- (v) been convicted of and sentenced to a period of imprisonment without the option of a fine in Transkei for high treason, *crimen laesae majestatis*, sedition, public violence or an offence under any law of Transkei which has as its object the internal security of Transkei.

(2) The Secretary shall inform the magistrate of the district in which the citizen referred to in subsection (1) is permanently resident, or, if such citizen is no longer permanently resident in Transkei, of the district in which such citizen was permanently resident before his departure from Transkei, of —

- (i) the name of the said citizen and his last known address in Transkei, and, if he is no longer permanently resident in Transkei, of his last known address outside Transkei; and
- (ii) the ground or grounds referred to in subsection (1) on which it is proposed to deprive the said citizen of his citizenship of Transkei.

(3) The magistrate referred to in subsection (2) shall advise the citizen concerned that the Minister proposes to deprive him of his citizenship and of the ground or grounds on which the Minister proposes to do so, and shall give the said citizen an opportunity to appear before him not later than one month from the date of such advice.

(4) The said magistrate shall —

- (a) after hearing the said citizen, if he presented himself to the magistrate for such hearing; and
- (b) after examination of any document submitted by such citizen; and
- (c) after consultation with any person as he may deem necessary.

report to the Minister in relation to the said citizen on —

- (i) the claim of the said citizen to the citizenship or nationality of a country other than Transkei;
- (ii) the ground or grounds on which the Minister proposes to deprive that citizen of his citizenship of Transkei; and
- (iii) any aspect which he may deem necessary.

(5) Whenever the Minister deprives a person of his citizenship of Transkei, that person shall cease to be a citizen of Transkei from the date of the order by which that person is so deprived of such citizenship and thereupon the certificate of registration or naturalization or any other certificate issued under this Act in relation to the status of the person concerned, shall be surrendered to the Minister and cancelled, and any person who refuses or fails on demand to surrender any such certificate which he has in his possession, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred rand or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

(6) Whenever a person ceases under subsection (1) to be a citizen of Transkei, the Minister may by order —

- (i) if the minor child of such person is a citizen of Transkei; and
- (ii) the other parent of such child is not, or does not remain a citizen of Transkei, or is deprived of his citizenship,

deprive such child of his Transkei citizenship.

(7) The Minister may, in such cases as he deems fit, withdraw any order made under subsection (1) and thereupon the person concerned shall, with effect from such date as the Minister directs, resume the form of

citizenship of Transkei of which he was deprived by that order.

Survival of obligations incurred before loss of citizenship

10. Whenever a person ceases to be a citizen of Transkei, he shall not thereby be discharged from any obligation, duty or liability in respect of any act done before he ceased to be a citizen of Transkei.

Posthumous children

11. Any reference in section 57 of the Constitution Act to the status or description of the father of a person at the time of that person's birth shall, in relation to a person born after the death of his father, be construed as a reference to the status or description of the father at the time of the father's death, and where the death occurred prior to, and the birth occurred after, the date of commencement of the Constitution Act, the status or description which would have been applicable to the father if he had died after that date shall be deemed to be the status or description applicable to him at the time of his death.

Grant of certificate of citizenship in cases of doubt

12. (1) The Minister may in such cases as he thinks fit, on payment of the prescribed amount, grant to any person with respect to whose citizenship of Transkei a doubt exists, a certificate in the prescribed form that he is a citizen of Transkei.

(2) Before granting any certificate under subsection (1), the Minister may require the person concerned to comply with such provisions of sections 57(d) or 58 of the Constitution Act or of this Act as the Minister may direct.

(3) The Minister may in any certificate under subsection (1) describe the person to whom it relates as a citizen of Transkei by birth, descent, registration, naturalization or marriage, as he deems fit.

(4) A certificate granted under this section shall, unless it is proved that it was obtained by means of fraud, false representation or the concealment of some material fact, be conclusive evidence that the person to whom it relates was a citizen of Transkei by birth, descent, registration, naturalization or marriage, as the case may be, at the date of the issue of the certificate, but shall not be deemed to imply any admission that the person to whom it is granted was not previously a citizen of Transkei.

Amendment of certificates of citizenship

13. (1) Whenever the Minister is satisfied that any error has occurred in any certificate issued under this Act, or any change has occurred in respect of the particulars recorded therein, he may rectify the error or alter the particulars by amending the certificate.

(2) Any certificate amended in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) shall as from the date of the amendment thereof, have effect as so amended.

(3) The Minister may call upon any person to produce to him any certificate which requires to be amended in terms of subsection (1) and any person who refuses or fails on demand so to produce such a certificate which he has in his possession, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rand.

Copies of certificates

14. The Minister may, on the application of any person, and on payment of the prescribed amount, cause to be issued to such person a certified copy of any certificate issued under this Act.

Penalty for false representations or statements

15. Any person who makes, for any of the purposes of this Act, any false representation or any statement which is false in a material particular, knowing the same to be false, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to the penalties prescribed by law for the crime of perjury.

Publication of returns

16. (1) The Secretary shall once in every three months cause to be published in the *Gazette* in respect of the preceding three months a return each in respect of all persons —

- (i) to whom certificates of citizenship of Transkei were issued;
- (ii) who renounced their citizenship of Transkei; and
- (iii) who were deprived of their citizenship of Transkei.

(2) The returns referred to in subsection (1) shall contain in respect of each person concerned —

- (i) his full name;
- (ii) his place and date of birth;

- (iii) the district in Transkei in which he is or was permanently resident;
- (iv) his citizenship or nationality (if any) prior to the issue of the certificate of citizenship of Transkei to him;
- (v) the number and date of issue of the certificate of citizenship of Transkei (if any) issued to him;
- (vi) in the case of a person who has renounced his citizenship of Transkei or who has been deprived of such citizenship, the date of such renunciation or deprivation, as the case may be; and
- (vii) such other information as the Secretary deems necessary.

Regulations.

17. (1) The Minister may make regulations with regard to —
- (a) the forms referred to in sections 4, 5, 6, 8 and 12 of this Act;
 - (b) the amounts referred to in sections 4, 5, 6, 8, 12 and 14,
- and generally, with regard to all procedures, forms and amounts which by sections 57 and 58 of the Constitution Act and this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which he considers necessary or expedient to prescribe in order that the said sections of the Constitution Act and of this Act may be more effectively administered and the purposes thereof better achieved.

(2) Any regulation under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and any other regulation prescribing any amount shall be made in consultation with the Minister of Finance.

Repeal of laws.

18. The laws specified in Schedule 2 are hereby repealed to the extent indicated in the third column of the said Schedule.

Short title and date of commencement.

19. This Act shall be called the Citizenship of Transkei Act, 1976.

SCHEDULE 1 OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

I, A.B., do hereby declare on oath that I unreservedly renounce all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign State or Head of State of whom I have heretofore been a citizen or a subject, or to any other External Authority to whom I have heretofore owed any form of allegiance; that I will be faithful to the Republic of Transkei, observe its laws, promote all that which will advance it and oppose all that may harm it. So Help Me God.

SCHEDULE 2 LAWS REPEALED

Number and year of law	Title	Extent of Repeal
Act 44 of 1949	South African Citizenship Act, 1949.	The whole.
Act 69 of 1962	Commonwealth Relations Act, 1962.	Sections 18 to 28 inclusive.
Act 23 of 1964	Residence in the Republic Regulation Act, 1964.	Sections 3 to 7 inclusive.
Act 41 of 1973	South African Citizenship Amendment Act, 1973.	The whole.

ISAZISO SIKARHULUMENTE

No. 20.

Kuyaziwa ukuba iPrezidanti iwuvumile uMthetho olandelayo obhengezwa kubo bonke abantu.

No. 25 wonyaka, 1976 uMthetho woLawulo woFakelo-mi-Handla.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

No. 20.

It is hereby notified that the President has assented to the following Act which is hereby published for general information.

No. 25 of 1976, Administration Act.

TRKEL. CONSTITUTION ACT. (ACT NO. 15/1976)

CHAPTER 8

CITIZENSHIP

Persons who are citizens of Transkei.

57. There shall become a citizen of Transkei —

(a) at the commencement of this Act —

(i) every person who, having been born in any district of the former Transkeian Territories or the former territory of the Transkei, is immediately prior to such commencement, a citizen of that territory;

(ii) every person born outside the districts of the former Transkeian Territories or the former territory of the Transkei who is immediately prior to the commencement of this Act a citizen of that territory and whose father is, or but for his death would have been, a citizen of Transkei in terms of subparagraph (i);

(iii) every other person who, immediately prior to such commencement, is a citizen of the former territory of the Transkei and has not lost or renounced such citizenship;

(b) with effect from the date of his birth every person born in Transkei on or after the date of commencement of this Act. Provided that no person shall become a citizen of Transkei, by virtue of the provisions of this paragraph, if at the time of his birth —

(i) his father was a person enjoying diplomatic immunity in Transkei under any law and was not a citizen of Transkei and his mother was not a citizen of Transkei;

(ii) his father was a citizen of a country with which Transkei was at war and the birth occurred at a place under occupation by the enemy and his mother was not a citizen of Transkei;

(iii) his father was a citizen of a country with which Transkei was at war, had no right of permanent residence in Transkei and was interned or detained in custody and his mother was not a citizen of Transkei;

(iv) his father was a prohibited immigrant or had no right of permanent residence in Transkei and his mother was not a citizen of Transkei;

(c) with effect from the date of his birth, every person born outside Transkei on or after the date of commencement of this Act whose father was at the time of the birth a citizen of Transkei. Provided that a person shall not become a citizen of Transkei by virtue of the provisions of this paragraph if at the time of his birth he becomes a citizen of any other country;

(d) any person born outside Transkei on or after the date of

commencement of this Act if in accordance with law (including customary law) he is adopted by or otherwise becomes the child of a citizen of Transkei and his birth is, within two years thereof or with the permission of the Minister of the Interior or other competent Minister at a later date, registered with a registering authority of the government of Transkei

Citizens of Transkei by registration

58 (1) Any person who -

- (a) is not a minor,
- (b) is a South African citizen, and
- (c) has been lawfully domiciled in a district mentioned in Schedule 1 for the period of five years immediately preceding that person's application for registration under this subsection, and
- (d) is not a prohibited immigrant,

may, upon making application in such manner as may be prescribed by or under an Act of Parliament be registered as and become a citizen of Transkei.

(2) Any person, who has been found, in the manner to be prescribed by or under an Act of Parliament, to be predominantly Xhosa-speaking or Sotho-speaking and to be a member of, or descended from, or ethnically, culturally or otherwise associated with, any tribe resident in a district of Transkei may apply for registration as and become a citizen of Transkei.

Provisions relating to other manner of acquisition or loss of citizenship of Transkei

59. Provision may be made by Parliament -

- (a) for the acquisition of citizenship by any person who does not become, or is not eligible to be registered as, a citizen of Transkei under the foregoing provisions of this Chapter;
- (b) for the renunciation by any person of his citizenship;
- (c) for the deprivation or loss of citizenship; and
- (d) prescribing the procedure in relation to the acquisition or loss of citizenship.

CHAPTER 9

GENERAL

Application of laws and vesting of rights, etc

60. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act -

- (a) all laws which immediately prior to the commencement of this Act were in operation in any district of Transkei, and

URULUMENTE WASETRANSKEI



TRANSKEI GOVERNMENT

No.

Adressi yoCingo
Telegraphic Address

"EKHAYA"

INgawwa eYodwa yePosi
Private Bag

X5008

Telex No. 509 700

IMIBUZO
ENQUIRIES

IFoni
Tel. 49-111

ISEBE LEZANGAPHAKATHI
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR
UMTATA

198. 2 2 f.

Miss S.N. Sigcau
c/o Mr M. Titus

Dear Madam

WORKING GROUP FOR SUB-COMMITTEE TO CITIZENSHIP : COMMENTS BY THE DEPARTMENT
OF INTERIOR

1. PRESENT LAWS OF CITIZENSHIP

- 1.1 Transkei Constitution Act 15 of 1976
1.2 Citizenship Act No. 26 of 1976

2. NUMBER OF PEOPLE AFFECTED

The Population of Transkei is about 4m inclusive of people in the R.S.A, Ciskei, Bophuthatswana and Venda. The figure of about 4m is an estimate since it is difficult to establish the correct number of Transkei citizens resident in those states.

3. RESIDENCE OF CITIZENS

People who are non-citizens are granted temporary residence permits whilst citizens enjoy ownership of properties.

4. NUMBER OF CITIZENS IN OTHER STATES

No accurate record as some of the people have been resident in the R.S.A and other states for a long time.

5. NUMBER OF OTHER PEOPLE IN TBVC STATES

Exemption holders - 2000
Work Permit holders - 600
Permanent residence - 12000

6. REQUIREMENTS FOR TBVC CITIZENS TO BECOME SOUTH AFRICAN CITIZENS

The R.S.A is able to furnish such requirements as applications for R.S.A citizenship are made direct to that country by individual Transkeians.

7. LAWS GOVERNING ELECTIONS

Proclamation R142 of 1963 as amended by Proclamation R301 of 1963 (both South African).

Act No. 4 of 1964
" " 8 " 1965
" " 6 " 1967
" " 10 " 1975
" " 21 " 1979

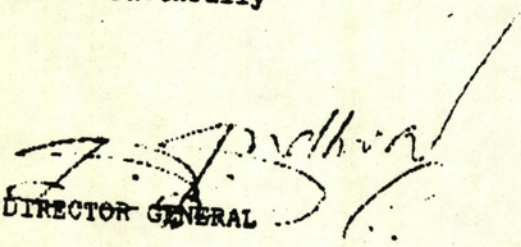
8. STATUS OF NONETHNIC CITIZENS

They retain their citizenship and reside by way of temporary residence.

9. RESTORATION OF R.S.A. CITIZENSHIP TO THE CITIZENSHIP RESTORATION ACT
OF 1986

The Department has no information on such statistics as applicants deal direct with R.S.A.

Yours faithfully


DIRECTOR GENERAL