

MASTER  
COPY

NEG 27

Dv3

MP Reports 1/3/5/2/20 [20]  
Vol. I  
(1-50) (86-98)  
(60-73)

## AGENDA FOR DISCUSSION OF THE FINAL DRAFT OF THE INDEPENDENT BROADCASTING AUTHORITY BILL

As a result of decisions by the Negotiating Council and certain talks that have been taking place between the parties since 31 August 1993, a final Bill has been prepared incorporating amendments (which have also been accepted by the Postmaster General as meeting technical specifications). The following agenda has been prepared and it details the sections still to be agreed by the Negotiating Council.

### 1. Definitions

**broadcasting signal distribution** - We now refer to "geographical broadcast target area"

**chairperson** - "or chairpersons referred to in section 4(2)"

### 2. Sections

2(5)(b) - The Negotiating Council requested time to consider the use of the words "constituent regions of the Republic".

4(1) - There is no longer a reference to a scheduled procedure. Schedule 1 has been deleted and this section has been amended accordingly.

4(3) - New section on "co-chairpersons"

13 - This section has now been finalised.

28(8)(b) - This still refers to section 50(2) which remains in the Bill.

29 - The heading has been amended.

29(2) - technical change.

29(4)(c) - New deeming provision.

49(6) - The Negotiating Council reserved its position in this regard.

50(1) - The reference to 75% has been removed.

50(3), (4) and (5) - New sections introduced as a result of discussions. The old section 50(3) becomes sections 50(6).

51 - This section now includes "alliance"

53(2) - The words "as it deems fit" have been deleted.

Consolidating + Incorporating all changes/ amendments up to 86/09/93 the 2 amendments Dv3.

53(6) - The word "such" has been replaced by "reasonable" and the period has been lengthened to 18 months.

83(1)(b) - A reference to section 50(3) has been inserted.

### **3. Schedules**

The old schedules 1 and 5 have been deleted. The new Schedule 1 on pensions has been checked, as has been Schedule 3.

### **4. Constitutional Issues**

There are a number of issues which this technical committee will raise with the technical committee on Constitutional Matters. These relate to the entrenchment of independent broadcasting regulation and matters affecting freedom of expression.

---

**EMBARGOED UNTIL DELIVERY/TABLING  
IN THE NEGOTIATING COUNCIL**

**INDEPENDENT BROADCASTING AUTHORITY BILL**

***(FINAL DRAFT)***

***Prepared by the Technical Committee on the Independent Media Commission and the Independent Telecommunications Authority, Multi-Party Negotiation Process, for discussion.***

***2 September 1993***

**INDEPENDENT BROADCASTING AUTHORITY BILL**

To provide for the regulation of broadcasting activities in the public interests; for that purpose to establish <sup>a juristic person to be known as</sup> the Independent Broadcasting Authority which shall function wholly independent from State, governmental and party political influences and free from political or other bias or interference; to provide for the representation of <sup>that</sup> the Authority by and its functioning through a council <sup>and the</sup> to define its powers, functions and duties; <sup>of that Authority;</sup> to provide for the devolution of powers relating to the administration, management, planning and use of the broadcasting services frequency bands to the said Authority; and to provide for incidental matters.

X  
15/9  
X 11/9  
X 11/9

---

**BE IT ENACTED** by the State President and the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows: -

**ARRANGEMENT OF ACT**

**SECTION NO.      SUBJECT MATTER OF SECTIONS, CHAPTERS AND SCHEDULES**

**CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS**

- 1      **Definitions**
- 2      **Primary objects of Act**

## **CHAPTER 2: INDEPENDENT BROADCASTING AUTHORITY**

- 3 *Establishment of Independent Broadcasting Authority*
- 4 *Constitution of Council*
- 5 *Persons disqualified from being or remaining councillors*
- 6 *Terms of office of councillors*
- 7 *Remuneration and allowances of councillors*
- 8 *Removal from office*
- 9 *Vacancies in Council*
- 10 *Meetings of Council*
- 11 *Disclosure of conflicting interests*
- 12 *Proceedings of Council not invalid in certain circumstances*
- 13 *General powers of Authority*
- 14 *Staff of Authority*
- 15 *Financing of Authority*
- 16 *Raising of loans by Authority*
- 17 *Banking account*
- 18 *Investment of surplus moneys*
- 19 *Accounting and auditing*
- 20 *Annual report*

## **CHAPTER 3: COMMITTEES, APPOINTMENT OF EXPERTS, AND INQUIRIES**

- 21 *Establishment ~~and appointment~~ of standing committees of Council* (X)
- 22 *Constitution of standing committees*
- 23 *Establishment ~~and appointment~~ and constitution of special committees  
of Council, including regional broadcasting committees*
- 24 *Powers, functions and duties of committees*
- X 25 *Meetings of Committees* X
- 26 *Remuneration and allowances of committee members*
- 27 *Appointment of experts*
- 28 *Inquiries by Authority*

**CHAPTER 4: CONTROL OF THE BROADCASTING FREQUENCY SPECTRUM**

- 29 *Authority principally vested with powers in relation to administration, management and planning of broadcasting services frequency bands*
- 30 *Broadcasting Technical Committee*
- 31 *Frequency plan*

**CHAPTER 5: BROADCASTING SIGNAL DISTRIBUTION LICENCES**

- 32 *Prohibition of broadcasting signal distribution without licence*
- 33 *Granting of broadcasting signal distribution licences*
- 34 *Procedures in relation to granting, issuing, renewal, amendment and transfer of broadcasting signal distribution licences*
- 35 *Transmitters and transmission characteristics to be approved by Authority*
- 36 *General obligations of broadcasting signal distribution licensees*
- 37 *Obligations of common carrier regarding provision of broadcasting signal distribution*
- 38 *Terms of broadcasting signal distribution licences*

**CHAPTER 6: BROADCASTING LICENCES**

- 39 *Prohibition on provision of broadcasting service without broadcasting licence*
- 40 *Categories of broadcasting licences*
- 41 *Application procedure in relation to broadcasting licences*
- 42 *Hearings in relation to applications for broadcasting licences*
- 43 *Entitlements under and conditions pertaining to broadcasting licences*
- 44 *Renewal of broadcasting licences*
- 45 *Public broadcasting licences*
- 46 *Private broadcasting licences*
- 47 *Community broadcasting licences*

- 48 *Limitations on foreign control of private broadcasting services*
- 49 *Limitations on control of private broadcasting services*
- 50 *Limitations on cross-media control of private broadcasting services*
- 51 *Prohibition on granting of broadcasting licences to <sup>party</sup> political entities*
- 52 *Amendment of broadcasting licences*
- 53 *Imposition of specific broadcasting licence conditions regarding local television content and South African music*
- 54 *Terms of broadcasting licences*
- 55 *Record of programmes broadcast by broadcasting licensee*

65/9/93  
X

**CHAPTER 7: BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES**

- 56 *Code of Conduct ~~and exemptions~~ — For Broadcasting Services.*
- 57 *Control over advertisements*
- 58 *Prohibition on broadcasting of party election broadcasts and political advertisements except in certain circumstances*
- 59 *Broadcasting of party election broadcasts on sound broadcasting services during election period*
- 60 *Political advertising on sound broadcasting services during election period*
- 61 *Equitable treatment of political parties by ~~all~~ broadcasting licensees during election period*

15/9  
X

15/9  
X

**CHAPTER 8: ENFORCEMENT**

- 62 *Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee*
- 63 *Hearings held by Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee*
- 64 *Recommendations of Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee*
- 65 *Powers of Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee regarding findings made by Advertising Standards Authority of S-Africa*

- 66 *Powers of Authority in cases of proven non-compliance with Act,  
licence conditions or certain codes of conduct and, in limited  
circumstances, with Independent Media Commission Act, 1993*
- 67 *Offences and penalties* X

#### **CHAPTER 9: GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 68 *Minutes of Council and its committees*
- 69 *Delegations*
- 70 *Register of licences*
- 71 *Records to be kept by licensees*
- 72 *Authority may demand production of licensees' books and records,  
etc.*
- 73 *Powers of authorised persons*
- 74 *Transfer of licences*
- 75 *Restriction on use of name or description implying connection with  
Authority*
- 76 *Limitation of liability*
- 77 *Confidentiality*
- 78 *Regulations*
- 79 *Extraterritorial extension of Authority's jurisdiction by agreement  
between Republic and any state or territory previously part of  
Republic*
- 80 *Application of Act in event of conflict with other laws*
- 81 *Liquidation*
- 82 *This Act binding on State and State President*
- 83 *Short title and date of commencement*



**SCHEDULES**

- X **Schedule 3** <sup>INTRODUCTION</sup> Continuation of existing <sup>pension</sup> rights of staff members of Authority upon assuming employment 05/9/93 XX
- X **Schedule 4** Code of Conduct for <sup>broadcasting services</sup> ~~South African broadcasters~~ XX 05/09/93
- X **Schedule 5** Instances of control of <sup>licensees,</sup> private broadcasting ~~licensees,~~ newspapers and companies 05/9/93 XXX
- Schedule 6** Determination by lot for purposes of section 6(2)(c)

## CHAPTER 1

### INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

#### 1. Definitions

(1) In this Act, unless inconsistent with *the context* -

(i) "**apparatus**" means any apparatus or equipment used or destined, designed or adapted to be used in connection with broadcasting; (ii)

(ii) "**appointing body**" means the body charged with the appointment of councillors in terms of section 4; (i)

(iii) "**authorised person**" in relation to any power, function or duty to be exercised or performed for or on behalf of the Authority in terms of this Act, means any councillor or member of a committee of the Council or any staff member of the Authority duly authorised <sup>by the Council</sup> in terms of this Act to act <sup>for &</sup> on behalf of the Authority; (iv)

(iv) "**Authority**" means the Independent Broadcasting Authority established by section 3; (xvi)

(v) "**broadcasting**" means any form of unidirectional telecommunication intended for the public or sections of the public, or subscribers to any broadcasting service, having appropriate receiving facilities, whether carried out by means of radio or any other means of telecommunication, or any combination of the ~~above~~ <sup>mentioned</sup>, and "**broadcast**" shall be construed ~~accordingly~~ <sup>accordingly</sup>; (xxvii)

- (vi) "broadcasting licence" means a licence granted and issued by the Authority in terms of this Act to a person for the purpose of providing a defined category of broadcasting service, or deemed by this Act to have been so granted <sup>and</sup> or issued; (xxxi) (X) 11/9
- (vii) "broadcasting licensee" means the holder of a broadcasting licence; (xxxii)
- (viii) "broadcasting service" means a single, defined service which consists in the broadcasting of television or sound material to the public or sections of the public or to the subscribers to such service; (xxix)
- (ix) "broadcasting services frequency bands" means that part of the electromagnetic radio frequency spectrum which is assigned for the use of broadcasting services by the International Telecommunications Union (ITU), in so far as such assignment has been agreed to or adopted by the Republic, <sup>as well as</sup> and any other additional part of the electromagnetic radio frequency spectrum determined nationally for the use of broadcasting services; (xxx) 12/9 (X)
- (x) "broadcasting signal distribution" means the process whereby the output signal of a broadcasting service is taken from the point of origin, being the point where such signal is made available in its final content format, from where it is conveyed by means of a telecommunications process to any geographical broadcast target area, <sup>but</sup> excluding the use of facilities which operate on frequencies outside the broadcasting services frequency bands; (xxxiii) (X)
- (xi) "broadcasting signal distribution licence" means a licence granted and issued by the Authority in terms of this Act to a person for the purpose of providing signal distribution for broadcasting purposes, or deemed by this Act to have been so granted <sup>and</sup> or issued; (xxxiv) 11/9 (X)

(xii) "broadcasting signal distribution licensee" means the holder of a broadcasting signal distribution licence; (xxxv)

(xiii) "chairperson" means the chairperson of the Council referred to in subsection (1)(a) of section 4, or, where two chairpersons have been appointed for the Council in terms of subsection (3) of that section, any <sup>one</sup> of the two persons so appointed and acting as chairperson at the <sup>relevant</sup> time, and includes any councillor acting in the stead of <sup>the chair =</sup> such person in accordance with the provisions of section 10(2); (xl) (X) 12/9

(xiv) "community" includes a geographically-founded community or any group of persons or sector of the public having a specific, ascertainable common interest;

(xv) "community broadcasting service" means a broadcasting service which -  
(a) is fully controlled by a non-profit entity <sup>and carried on for</sup> non-profitable purposes; (X) 12/9  
(b) serves a particular community;  
(c) encourages members of the community served by it or persons associated with or promoting the interests of such community to participate in the selection and provision of programmes to be broadcast in the course of such broadcasting service; and  
(d) may be funded by donations, grants, sponsorships or advertising or membership fees, or by any combination of the aforementioned;

(xvi) "company" means any company, <sup>and any</sup> or external company, as defined in section 1(1) of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act No. 61 of 1973), and includes any close corporation as defined in section 1 of the Close Corporation Act, 1984 (X)

(Act No. 69 of 1984);

(xvii) "Constitution Act" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act, 1993; (vii)

(xviii) "Council" means the council of the Authority referred to in section 3(2), as constituted in terms of section 4(1) and, in relation to the exercise or performance of any power, function or duty conferred <sup>or imposed</sup> upon the Council by this Act, includes any committee of the Council or ~~any~~ officer of the Authority acting under a delegation or authorisation in terms of section 69; (x) 11/9

(xix) "councillor" means any member of the Council referred to in section 4(1);

(xx) "election" means any election for the National Assembly or any other legislature contemplated in the Constitution Act, and conducted in terms of the Electoral Act, 1993, but excludes the first election to be so held for the National Assembly and such other legislatures in respect of which the Independent Electoral Commission has been established by section 2 of the Independent Electoral Commission Act, 1993, and has been clothed with certain powers; (xxxvii)

18/9  
(xxi) "election period" means the period commencing on the day immediately following after the last day determined under the Electoral Act, 1993, for the submission of lists of the nature contemplated in the definition of "political party" in this section, and ending on the day immediately following after the day on which candidates of any of the political parties are declared ~~day~~ elected in terms of that Act; (xxxviii) 12/9 (x)

(xxii) "financial year" means the financial year of the Authority commencing on the first day of April in any year and ending on the thirty-first day of March, first following, both days inclusive: Provided that the first financial year shall commence on the date of the commencement of this Act; (ii)

(XXiii)

"foreign person" means -

- (a) a natural person who is not a South African citizen;
- (b) a company, wherever incorporated, where the natural persons who in actual fact control the company, whether directly or indirectly, are not South African citizens; or
- (c) a company, wherever incorporated, where -
  - (i) a company referred to in paragraph (b) of this definition; or
  - (ii) a natural person who is not a South African citizen and a company referred to in that paragraph,

controls or control the company, whether directly or indirectly; (X<sup>li</sup>)

(XXiv)

"licence area" means the geographical target area of a broadcasting service as specified in <sup>the relevant</sup> broadcasting licence; (X) 11/9 (Xi)

(XXV)

"licensee" means the holder of any licence granted and issued under this Act or deemed by this Act to have been so granted <sup>and</sup> ~~or so~~ issued; (X) 11/9 (Xii)

(XXvi)

"Minister" means the Minister <sup>charged with</sup> ~~responsible for~~ the administration of this Act; (X) (Xiv)

(XXvii)

"National Assembly" means the National Assembly contemplated in the Constitution Act; (Xv)

(XXviii)

"party election broadcast" means a direct address or message broadcast free of charge on a broadcasting service and which is intended or calculated to advance the interests of any particular political party; (Xviii)

(xxix) **"political advertisement"** means an advertisement broadcast on a broadcasting service which is intended or calculated to advance the interests of any particular political party, for which advertisement the relevant broadcasting licensee has received or is to receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other consideration; (xi) X

(xxx) **"political party"**, for the purposes of sections 59, 60 and 61, means any registered party as defined in section 1 of the Electoral Act, 1993, or any alliance of such registered parties (as the case may be), which, for the purpose of any particular election, has, before the commencement of the election period, submitted its list of candidates for the National Assembly or any other legislature contemplated in the Constitution Act; (xx)

(xxxi) **"prescribed"** means prescribed by regulation in terms of section 78; (xxxix)

(xxxii) **"private broadcasting service"** means a broadcasting service operated for profit and controlled by a person who is not a public broadcasting ~~service~~ licensee; (xi) X

(xxxiii) **"public broadcasting service"** means -

- (a) any broadcasting service provided by the South African Broadcasting Corporation in accordance with the provisions of the Broadcasting Act, 1976 (Act No. 73 of 1976);
- (b) a broadcasting service provided by any other statutory body; or
- (c) a broadcasting service provided by a person who receives his or her revenue, either wholly or partly, from licence fees levied in respect of the licensing of persons in relation to sound radio sets and in relation to television sets, or from the State;

and shall include a commercially-operated broadcasting service provided by a person referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of this definition; (xvi)

(xxxiv) "radio" means an electromagnetic wave propagated in space without artificial guide and having by convention a frequency of lower than 3 000 GHz; (xxiv)

~~(xxxv) "Republic" means the Republic of South Africa;~~

(xxxv) "sound broadcasting service" means a broadcasting service destined to be received by a sound radio set; (x)

(xxxvi) "sound radio set" means any apparatus designed or adapted to be capable of receiving by radio the transmissions broadcast <sup>in the course of</sup> by a broadcasting service and reproducing them in the form of sounds, but not also in the form of images or visible signs or signals; (ix)

X  
X  
(xxxvii) "telecommunications" means any system or method of conveying signs, signals, <sup>sounds</sup> communications or other information by means of electricity, <sup>magnetism,</sup> ~~magnetic~~ electromagnetic waves or any agency of a like nature, whether with or without the aid of tangible conductors, from one point to another, and the derivative noun "telecommunication" shall be construed accordingly; (xxv)

(xxxviii) "television broadcasting service" means a broadcasting service consisting in the sending of visual images or other visible signals whether with or without accompanying sounds, where the visual images are such that sequences of them are seen as moving pictures; (xxvii)

X  
X  
(xxxix) "television set" means any apparatus designed or <sup>adapted</sup> ~~adopted~~ to be capable of receiving transmissions broadcast in the course of a television broadcasting service; ~~and~~ (xxvi)



(xl) "this Act" includes the Schedules to this Act and any regulations made from time to time under section 78; and (viii) "Transitional Executive Council" means the Transitional Executive Council established by section 2 of the Transitional Executive Council Act, 1993. (XXXV)

(2) For the purposes of this Act a person shall control, have control, be in control of or be in a position to exercise control over, a broadcasting licensee, a newspaper or a company, **inter alia** in the circumstances contemplated in paragraphs (1), (2) and (3), respectively, of Schedule 2 to this Act.

09/9/93 X

**2. Primary objects of Act**

The primary object of this Act is to provide for the regulation of broadcasting activities in the Republic in the public interest through the Independent Broadcasting Authority established by section 3, and for that purpose to -

- (1) promote the provision of a diverse range of sound and television broadcasting services on a national, regional and local level, which, <sup>when</sup> viewed collectively, cater for all language and cultural groups and provide entertainment, education and information;
- (2) promote the development of public, private and community broadcasting services which are responsive to the needs of the public;
- (3) ensure that broadcasting services, viewed collectively -
  - (a) develop and protect a national and regional identity, culture and character;
  - (b) provide for regular -
    - (i) news services;

12/9  
X

- (ii) actuality programmes on matters of public interest;
  - (iii) programmes on political issues of public interest; and
  - (iv) programmes on matters of international, national, regional and local significance;
- (4) protect the integrity and viability of public broadcasting services;
- (5) ensure that, in the provision of public broadcasting services -
- (a) the needs of language, cultural and religious groups;
  - (b) the needs of the constituent regions of the Republic and local communities; and
  - (c) the need for educational programmes,
- are duly taken into account;
- (6) encourage ownership and control of broadcasting services by persons from historically disadvantaged groups;
- (7) encourage equal opportunity employment practices by all licensees;
- (8) ensure that broadcasting services are not controlled by foreign persons;
- (9) ensure that private and community broadcasting licences, viewed collectively, are controlled by persons or groups of persons from a diverse range of communities in the Republic;

- (10) impose limitations on cross-media control of private broadcasting services;
- (11) promote the most efficient use of the broadcasting services frequency bands;
- (12) ensure that public <sup>broadcasting licensees,</sup> and private broadcasting licensees and signal distribution licensees comply with internationally-accepted technical standards;
- (13) ensure that broadcasting signal distribution facilities are made available in respect of all licensed broadcasting services;
- (14) refrain from undue interference in the commercial activities of licensees, whilst at the same time taking into account the broadcasting needs of the public;
- (15) ensure fair competition between broadcasting licensees;
- (16) promote and conduct research into broadcasting policy and technology;
- (17) encourage investment in the broadcasting industry;
- (18) promote the stability of the broadcasting industry;
- (19) ensure equitable treatment of political parties by all broadcasting licensees during an <sup>=y</sup> election period;
- (20) ensure that broadcasting licensees adhere to a code of conduct acceptable to the Independent Broadcasting Authority; and
- (21) encourage the provision of appropriate means for <sup>disposing of</sup> ~~addressing~~ complaints in relation to broadcasting services and broadcasting signal distribution.

12/9  
X

12/9  
X

12/9  
X

disposing of  
↓ STEI

## CHAPTER 2

### INDEPENDENT BROADCASTING AUTHORITY

#### 3. Establishment of Independent Broadcasting Authority

(1) (a) There <sup>a juristic person to be known as</sup> is hereby established the Independent Broadcasting Authority which shall ~~be a juristic person~~ and exercise and perform the powers, functions and duties conferred and imposed upon it by this Act or by <sup>in terms of</sup> any other law. 12/9 (X)

(b) Without derogating from the generality of paragraph (a), the Independent Broadcasting Authority, for the purposes of ~~and~~ the proper exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act and achieving and giving effect to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, shall be capable in law of instituting or defending or opposing legal proceedings of whatever nature, of purchasing or otherwise acquiring and holding and alienating or otherwise disposing <sup>of</sup> ~~movable or immovable property~~ <sup>or</sup> any other real rights or other rights or interests, of entering into contracts and concluding agreements, and generally, of performing such other acts and doing such other things as juristic persons may by law perform and do, subject to the provisions of this Act. 12/9 (X)

(2) The Authority shall be governed and represented by the council referred to in section 4, and all acts of such council shall <sup>in law be regarded as</sup> be the acts of the Authority. L

(3) The Authority shall function without any political or other bias or interference and shall be wholly independent and separate from the State, the government and its administration <sup>or</sup> any political party <sup>from</sup> or any other functionary or body. L

directly or indirectly representing the interests of the State, the government or any political party.

#### 4. Constitution of Council

(1) The membership of the Council shall consist of -

- (a) a chairperson, subject to the provisions of subsection (3); and
- (b) six other councillors,

appointed by the State President on the advice of the Transitional Executive Council or, where the Transitional Executive Council has dissolved in terms of section 5 ~~in terms~~ of the Transitional Executive Council Act, 1993, by the National Assembly in accordance with the Constitution Act <sup>and in either case</sup> according to the following principles, namely -

- (i) participation by the public in the nomination process;
- (ii) transparency and openness; and
- (iii) the publication of <sup>a</sup> shortlists of candidates for appointment, X

<sup>and</sup> duly taking into account the <sup>objects and</sup> principles ~~and objects~~ as enunciated in section 2 of this Act. X

(2) Councillors shall -

- (a) when viewed collectively, be persons who are suited to serve on the Council by virtue of their qualifications, expertise and experience in

12/9

120A

(+)

12/9

(c) at the relevant time is or during the preceding 12 months was, a member of the Transitional Executive Council of Parliament or any other legislative body contemplated in the Constitution Act, or of any local authority;

the fields of, **inter alia**, broadcasting policy and technology, media law, frequency planning, business practice and finance, marketing, journalism, entertainment and education;

(b) be persons who are committed to fairness, freedom of expression, the right of the public to be informed, and openness and accountability on the part of those holding public office;

(c) when viewed collectively, represent a broad cross-section of the population of the Republic; and

(d) be persons who are committed to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2.

(3) If the Transitional Executive Council or the National Assembly so decides, it may advise the State President to appoint two co-chairpersons in lieu of one chairperson.

#### 5. Persons disqualified from being or remaining councillors

(1) A person shall not be appointed or remain a councillor if such person -

(a) is not a citizen of and not permanently resident in the Republic;

(b) <sup>at the relevant time</sup> holds, or during the preceding twelve months held, an office of profit under the State, subject to the provisions of section 22(3)(a);

(c) <sup>at the relevant time</sup> ~~is or during the preceding twelve months was~~ <sup>of the Transitional Executive Council</sup> ~~is a member of Parliament or any other legislature contemplated in the Constitution Act contemplated in the Constitution Act at the relevant time, or is a member of any local authority;~~

at the relevant time

(d) ~~is~~, or during the preceding twelve months was, an office-bearer or employee of any party, movement, organisation or body of a party political nature;

12/9  
X

(e) directly or indirectly, whether personally or through his or her spouse, partner or associate, has a direct or indirect financial interest in the telecommunications, broadcasting or print media industry;

(f) or his or her spouse, partner or associate, holds an office in or is employed by any company, organisation or other body, whether corporate or incorporate, which has a direct or indirect financial interest of the nature contemplated in paragraph (e);

(g) is an unrehabilitated insolvent;

(h) is subject to an order of a competent court declaring such person to be mentally ill or disordered;

(i) is convicted, after the commencement of this Act, whether in the Republic or elsewhere, of any offence for which such person has been sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine;

(j) at any time prior to the date of commencement of this Act, has been convicted, or at any time after such commencement, is convicted -

(i) in the Republic, of theft, fraud, forgery and uttering a forged document, perjury or an offence <sup>in terms of</sup> under the Prevention of Corruption Act, ~~1958~~ <sup>1992</sup> (Act No. ~~7~~ <sup>94</sup> of ~~1958~~ <sup>1992</sup>) or

XX

12/9  
X

(ii) elsewhere, of any offence corresponding materially with any offence referred to in subparagraph (i); or



(iii) whether in the Republic or elsewhere, of any other offence involving dishonesty; or

(k) ~~is or~~ has been <sup>or is</sup> convicted of an offence <sup>in terms of</sup> ~~under~~ this Act.

(X)  
12/9  
(X)

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph ~~(b)~~ (e) or (f) of subsection (1), a person shall be eligible for appointment to the Council if such person divests himself or herself of the relevant financial interest in a manner which satisfies the appointing body.

(3) For the purposes of this section, "spouse" includes a **de facto** spouse.

#### 6. Terms of office of councillors

(1) The chairperson shall hold office for a period of five years as from the date of his or her appointment.

(2) (a) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) of this subsection, the additional councillors shall hold office for a period of four years as from the date of their appointment.

(b) One half of the total number of additional councillors shall vacate their offices every two years.

(c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), such three of the six additional councillors appointed to the first Council constituted after the commencement of this Act as shall be determined by lot ~~by the appointing body for that purpose~~ in accordance with the provisions of Schedule <sup>4</sup> shall vacate their offices upon expiration of a period of two years as from the date of their appointment, whereas the three

X

councillors remaining at that stage, shall vacate their offices on a date two years later.

- (3) A councillor may at any time upon at least three months' written notice tendered to the appointing body resign from office.
- (4) A councillor shall upon expiration of his or her term of office be eligible for re-appointment.
- (5) For the purposes of this section and Schedule <sup>(4)</sup> ~~5~~ "additional councillors" means the members of the Council referred to in section 4(1)(b). X

#### 7. Remuneration and allowances of councillors

Councillors shall, from the funds of the Authority, be paid such remuneration and allowances and be entitled to such perquisites, as the Minister, in consultation with the Minister of State Expenditure, may determine.

#### 8. Removal from office

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 6, a councillor may be removed from office by the appointing body on account of misconduct or inability to efficiently perform the duties of his or her office, or by reason of his or her absence from three consecutive meetings of the Council without the prior permission of the chairperson <sup>except on</sup> ~~or otherwise without~~ good cause shown. (X) 12/9
- (2) A councillor shall not be removed from office in terms of subsection (1) except after due inquiry, and then only upon a decision to that effect by the appointing body. X

9. **Vacancies in Council**

- (1) There shall be a vacancy in the Council -
  - (a) if a councillor becomes subject to a disqualification referred to in section 5;
  - (b) when a councillor's written resignation, tendered as contemplated ~~in terms of section 6(3)~~, takes effect; or
  - (c) if a councillor is removed from office in terms of section 8.
- (2) A vacancy in the Council shall be filled by the appointment of another councillor by the appointing body in terms of this Act as soon as may be reasonably practicable after the occurrence of such vacancy, and any councillor so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired period of his or her predecessor's term of office.

10. **Meetings of Council**

- (1) The meetings of the Council shall be held at such times and places as may be determined by resolution of the Council whenever necessary so as to conduct its business expeditiously: Provided that the first meeting shall be held at such time and place as the chairperson may determine.
- (2) In the absence of the chairperson, the remaining councillors shall from their number elect an acting chairperson, who, while he or she so acts, may exercise and perform all the powers, functions and duties of the chairperson.

- (3) The chairperson may at any time in his or her discretion convene a special meeting of the Council which shall be held at such time and place as the chairperson may direct: Provided that the chairperson shall, upon having been presented with a requisition for that purpose signed by at least two councillors, call for a special meeting, and if the chairperson fails to convene a special meeting within seven days as from such presentation, such two councillors may, upon the expiration of such seven days, convene the special meeting.
- (4) The quorum for any meeting of the Council shall be a majority of the total number of councillors.
- (5) *Subject to the provisions of subsection (4),* ~~a~~ decision of the Council shall be taken by resolution agreed to by the majority of councillors at any meeting of the Council and, in the event of an equality of votes regarding any matter, the chairperson shall have a casting vote in addition to his or her deliberative vote. (X)
- (6) The Council may, in its discretion, allow members of the public to attend any <sup>there =</sup> meeting ~~of the Council~~. (V)

#### 11. Disclosure of conflicting interests

- (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), a councillor shall not vote nor in any other manner participate in the proceedings at any meeting of the Council nor be present at the venue where such a meeting is held, if, in relation to any matter before the Council he or she has any interest which precludes him or her from performing his or her functions as councillor in a fair, unbiased and proper manner.

- (2) If at any stage during the course of any proceedings before the Council it appears that any councillor has or may have an interest which may cause such conflict of interest to arise on his or her part -
  - (a) such councillor shall forthwith and fully disclose the nature of his or her interest and leave the meeting so as to enable the remaining councillors to discuss the matter and determine whether such councillor is precluded from participating in such meeting by reason of a conflict of interests; and
  - (b) such disclosure and the decision taken by the remaining councillors regarding such determination, shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting in question.
  
- (3) If any councillor fails to disclose any interest as required by subsection (2) or, subject to the provisions of that subsection, <sup>if he or she</sup> is present at the venue where a meeting of the Council is held or in any manner whatsoever participates in the proceedings of the Council, <sup>relevant</sup> the proceedings of the Council shall be null and void. (X)  
(X)

**12. Proceedings of Council not invalid in certain circumstances**

Subject to the provisions of section 11, a decision taken by the Council or an act performed under the authority of such a decision shall not be invalid merely by reason of any irregularity in the appointment of a councillor or a vacancy in the Council or the fact that any person not entitled to sit as a councillor sat as such at the time when such decision was taken, provided such decision was taken by a majority of <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ councillors present at the time and entitled to so sit, and the <sup>said</sup> ~~the~~ councillors present and ~~so entitled~~ at the time constituted a quorum. (X)  
(X)

13. **General powers of Authority**

Without derogating from the generality of the provisions of section 3, the Authority may, in addition to the powers conferred upon it elsewhere in this Act or by any other law, perform all such acts and do all such things as are reasonably necessary for <sup>or</sup> ancillary, incidental or supplementary to -

- (a) the achievement, <sup>pursuit</sup>, furtherance or promotion of the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2 and implementing <sup>and giving effect to</sup> such principles and the provisions of this Act;
- (b) the exercise and performance of any of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act.

14. **Staff of Authority**

- (1) The Council shall appoint a suitably qualified and experienced person as chief administrative officer of the Authority for the purposes of assisting the Council, subject to <sup>the latter's</sup> directions and control, in the performance of all financial, administrative and clerical functions and work arising from the <sup>application and administration</sup> implementation of this Act.
- (2) The Council shall appoint such other staff for the Authority as it deems necessary with a view to assisting the Authority with all such work as may arise through the exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act.
- (3) <sup>subject to the provisions of subsection (4),</sup> The Authority may pay to the persons in its employ, or provide them, with such remuneration, allowances, bonuses, subsidies, housing benefits, pensions and other employment benefits as the Authority may, after having obtained

such professional advice as it may deem fit, consider as being competitive in the open employment market, subject to the provisions of subsection (4).

- X (4) The provisions of Schedule 3 shall apply in respect of persons who, immediately prior to assuming employment with the Authority, are members of any of the pension funds referred to in that portion of paragraph 1 of that Schedule which <sup>precedes</sup> ~~precedes~~ subparagraph (a) of that paragraph. X

### 15. Financing of Authority

- (1) The Authority shall be financed and provided with operational capital from -
- (a) such moneys as, on the commencement of this Act, may be allocated from public funds to the Authority by the Minister <sup>acting</sup> in concurrence with the Minister of State Expenditure, which <sup>allocation</sup> ~~the Minister so acting~~ is hereby ~~empowered to do;~~ <sup>authorised;</sup>
  - (b) such moneys as are from time to time appropriated to the Authority by Parliament;
  - (c) fees and other moneys payable to the Authority in terms of this Act in respect of licences;
  - (d) income derived by the Authority from its investment and deposit of surplus moneys in terms of section 18;
  - (e) loans raised by the Authority in terms of section 16;
  - (f) fines ~~and penalties~~ payable in terms of this Act on account of <sup>the contravention thereof and on account of</sup> the breach of licence <sup>terms, and obligations; and</sup> ~~conditions~~ <sup>or on account of any contraventions of this</sup>

~~Act and~~

- (g) <sup>declared</sup> the proceeds derived from the sale by the Authority of anything  
L forfeited to it in terms of section 67(3)(b). (X) 13/9
- (2) The moneys, which, in terms of subsection (1) constitute the funds of the Authority, shall in accordance with the statement of estimated income and expenditure referred to in subsection (3) as approved in terms of that subsection, be utilised for defraying expenses incurred <sup>by the Authority</sup> in connection with or arising from the exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act: Provided that any amount or portion of an amount which, by the said statement, ~~of estimated income and expenditure~~, is required to be (X) so utilised for a particular purpose in connection with a specified matter, may be so utilised by the Authority for any other purpose in connection with that matter.
- (3) (a) The Council shall in each financial year at a time determined by the Minister for that purpose, submit a statement of the Authority's estimated income and expenditure in respect of the next ensuing financial year to the Minister for his or her approval, <sup>which approval may</sup> ~~to be granted~~ (X) with the concurrence of the Minister of State Expenditure. 13/9
- (b) The statement referred to in paragraph (a) shall specify as a separate item of estimated income the amount which, in respect of the financial year to which such statement relates, is to be appropriated to the Authority by Parliament within the contemplation of subsection (1)(b).

## 16. Raising of loans by Authority

- (1) The Authority may, with the written consent of the Minister <sup>granted</sup> ~~acting~~ with the



concurrence of the Minister of Finance, raise loans to finance expenditure <sup>which may</sup> ~~to~~ be incurred by the Authority for the purposes of its functions and operations in terms of this Act, in such maximum amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as may be specified by the Minister so acting.

- (2) The Minister of Finance may, on behalf of the government of the Republic and upon such terms and conditions as he or she deems fit, guarantee the repayment of any loan raised by the Authority in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), as well as the interest and any other charges payable in connection with such loan.
- (3) Any agreement entered into or guarantee furnished by virtue of the provisions of subsection (2), may be signed on behalf of the Government of the Republic by the Minister of Finance or any person authorised thereto in writing by the said Minister.

#### 17. Banking account

- (1) The Council shall, in the name of the Authority, open and maintain with a bank registered as such in the Republic or with any other financial institution ~~duly~~ so registered and approved by the Minister of State Expenditure, an account in which there shall be deposited, subject to the provisions of section 18, the moneys received by the Authority as contemplated in section 15 and from which payments <sup>For</sup> ~~by~~ or on its behalf shall be made. 13/9  
X
- (2) Cheques drawn on the Authority shall have been duly issued and signed on its behalf if issued under the joint signatures of any two <sup>members</sup> ~~of the~~ <sup>staff of the</sup> ~~officers~~ <sup>Authority</sup> from time to time authorised for that purpose by special resolution of the Council.

18. Investment of surplus moneys

The moneys of the Authority which are not immediately required for contingencies or to meet current expenditure may, upon a special resolution of the Council having been adopted for that purpose -

- (a) be invested on call or short term fixed deposit with any bank or financial institution satisfying the requirements of section 17 (which requirements shall **mutatis mutandis** apply for the purposes of this paragraph);
- (b) be deposited with the Corporation for Public Deposits in an investment account in such manner and for such periods as the Minister acting with the concurrence of the Minister of State Expenditure may in writing approve.

19. Accounting and auditing

(1) The chief administrative officer referred to in section 14(1) shall be the accounting officer of the Authority charged with the responsibility to ensure that all moneys received ~~by~~ and payments made on behalf of the Authority are duly ~~and properly~~ accounted for.

13/9  
X  
X

(2) The accounting officer shall in respect of each financial year cause such records of account to be kept, in accordance with established accounting practice, principles and procedures, as are necessary to fairly, sufficiently and clearly reflect the revenue, expenditure and transactions of the Authority during such year and the state of its assets, liabilities, <sup>and</sup> financial position and affairs as at the end of such year, and to sufficiently explain such revenue, expenditure, transactions, ~~state of affairs and financial position.~~ <sup>financial position and state of affairs.</sup>

X

X

X

- (3) (a) As soon as may be reasonably practicable after the end of each financial year, the accounting officer shall, in conformity with established accounting practice, principles and procedures, prepare financial statements comprising a statement reflecting, with suitable and sufficient particulars, the income and expenditure of the Authority in respect of the financial year having ended and a balance sheet showing the state of its assets, liabilities and financial position as at the end of the latter financial year.
- (b) The financial statements referred to in paragraph (a), shall -
- (i) fairly reflect the transactions, <sup>operational</sup> state of affairs and financial position of the Authority and the results thereof; and (X) 13/4
- (ii) refer to any relevant matter not specifically prescribed by this Act or in any regulation under section 78, which materially affects or is likely to so affect the affairs of the Authority, amplifying and explaining, where necessary, any figures in the financial statements.
- (4) The Authority's record of accounts and financial statements contemplated in subsections (2) and (3), respectively, shall be audited annually by the Auditor-General.

## 20. Annual report

- (1) The Council shall furnish to the Minister such information and particulars as he or she may from time to time in writing require in connection with the activities and financial position of the Authority, and shall annually, as soon as may be reasonably practicable after the end of each financial year, <sup>Furnish</sup> ~~submit~~ (X)

13/9  
to the Minister a report in regard to the Authority's functions, activities, affairs and financial position <sup>of the Authority</sup> in respect of such financial year. (X)

(2) Without derogating from the generality of the provisions of subsection (1), the annual report referred to in that subsection shall **inter alia** include -

(a) an audited balance sheet, including any notes thereon and documents annexed thereto whereby relevant information is provided;

(b) a statement of income and expenditure contemplated in subsection (3) of section 19, duly audited in terms of subsection (4) of that section, including any notes thereon and documents annexed thereto whereby relevant information is provided;

(c) information regarding licences granted, renewed, amended, transferred, suspended or revoked;

(d) the auditor's report; and

(e) such other information as the Minister may from time to time <sup>determine, or she</sup> specify by notice in the **Gazette** which he is hereby empowered to do. (X)

(3) An annual report submitted in terms of subsection (1) shall be tabled in <sup>the</sup> National Assembly by the Minister within fourteen days after receipt thereof, if the National Assembly is then in session or, if the National Assembly is not then in session, within fourteen days after the commencement of its next ensuing session. (X)

### CHAPTER 3

#### COMMITTEES, APPOINTMENT OF EXPERTS, AND INQUIRIES

21. **Establishment ~~and appointment~~ of standing committees of Council** ⊗ 13/9

(1) The Council shall establish ~~and appoint~~ the following standing committees, namely - 13/9  
⊗

(a) the Broadcasting Technical Committee; and

(b) the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee.

(2) The Council may establish ~~and appoint~~ such other standing committees for such purposes as it may deem necessary with a view to assisting it in the effective exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties, and may at any time extend, limit or dissolve any such committee.

22. **Constitution of standing committees**

(1) Each standing committee shall consist of -

(a) at least one councillor designated by the Council; and

(b) two or four additional members, as the Council may determine from time to time.

(2) The additional members shall be persons -

(Ad hoc committee)  
Approved by N/Council  
ON 02/7/93

AS INTRODUCED BY NP-ANC

23. Establishment, appointment and constitution of special committees of Council ~~and~~ Regional Broadcasting Committees <sup>including</sup>

- (1) The Council may establish and appoint such special committees as it may deem necessary with a view to assisting it in the effective exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties, and such committees shall sit on an ad hoc basis.
- (2) (a) The Council may if it deems necessary establish and appoint, after consultation with the executive of any constituent region of the Republic contemplated in the Constitution Act, regional broadcasting committees.
- (b) The Council may establish and appoint such regional broadcasting committees for such purposes as it may deem necessary with a view to assisting it in the effective exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in the particular region.
- (3) The provisions of sections 22(1) and (2) apply mutatis mutandis in relation to any committee established under subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- (4) The Council shall from its number designate a chairperson for any such committee.
- (5) The Council may at any time extend, limit or dissolve any such committee.

by Subsec. (2) (a) + (b) combined  
State Law Adviser as follows:

- (2) The Council may, if deemed necessary, establish ~~and appoint~~ regional broadcasting committees after consultation with the executive of any constituent region of the Republic contemplated in the Constitution Act, for such purposes as <sup>the Council</sup> it may deem necessary with a view to assisting <sup>it</sup> ~~the Council~~ in the effective exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in the region in question.

13/9  
(X)

- (a) who are not subject to any of the disqualifications of the nature contemplated in section 5; and
  - (b) who, on account of their expertise, qualifications and experience in relation to the mandate or terms of reference of the relevant committee, are suited to serve thereon.
- (3) (a) In the case of the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee, the chairperson shall be a judge or a retired judge of the Supreme Court of South Africa, a practising advocate or attorney of at least ten years' standing or a magistrate with at least ten years' appropriate experience.
- (b) In the case of any other standing committee, the chairperson shall be the councillor concerned.

**23. Establishment/~~appointment~~ and constitution of special committees of Council,**  
*including regional broadcasting committees*

(1) The Council may establish ~~and appoint~~ such special committees as it may deem necessary with a view to assisting it in the effective exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties, and such committees shall sit on an **ad hoc** basis.

(2) *See p. 35A*

The provisions of section 22(1) and (2) shall apply **mutatis mutandis** in relation to any committee established under subsection (1) <sup>or (2)</sup> of this section.

The Council shall from its number designate a chairperson for any such committee.

26. Remuneration and allowances of committee members

- (1) The members of any committee who are not councillors or members of staff of the Authority, shall be paid such remuneration and allowances as the Council may from time to time determine, subject to the approval of the Minister granted with the concurrence of the Minister of State Expenditure.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), the Council may differentiate between members of the various committees and between the chairperson and the other members of the same committee.

27. Appointment of experts

- (1) The Council may, as and when in its opinion the circumstances so require, appoint as many experts as may be deemed necessary, including experts from other countries, with a view to assisting the Council in the exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties and for the performance of any work arising therefrom. 13/9 (X)

- (2) in respect of The terms, conditions, remuneration and allowances applicable to any expert by virtue of his or her appointment in terms of subsection (1), and the work to be performed or service to be rendered by virtue of such appointment, shall be as determined in accordance with a written agreement entered into for that purpose between the Council and the expert concerned. 13/9 (X)

- (3) Upon having performed the work or completed the service pursuant to the agreement contemplated in subsection (2), the expert concerned shall submit a report in regard thereto to the Council for its consideration.



~~(4) In applying the provisions of this section, the Council may, if deemed necessary after consultation with the executive of any constituent region of the Republic contemplated in the Constitution Act, establish and appoint a special regional broadcasting committee for such region for such purpose as the Council may deem necessary with a view to assisting it in the effective exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act with reference to that region.~~

(5) The Council may at any time extend, limit or dissolve any such committee.

24. Powers, functions and duties of committees

A committee shall, with due regard to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, exercise and perform such powers, functions and duties as may -

- (a) be conferred and imposed upon the committee by or under this Act;
- (b) be delegated to the committee by the Council.

25. Meetings of committees

(1) The meetings of a committee (including any special meetings) shall be convened by the chairperson, who shall determine the procedure at any such meeting.



(2) The provisions of section 10(2), (4) and (5), shall **mutatis mutandis** apply as regards the meetings of any committee.

↓ SPACE

- (4) The Council, on receipt of the report referred to in subsection (3), may refer the matter back to the expert -
- (a) for such further attention as may be determined by the Council;
  - (b) to perform such further functions as the Council may deem necessary or desirable.

**28. Inquiries by Authority**

- (1) The Authority may from time to time conduct an inquiry into any matter relevant to -
- (a) the achievement of the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2;  
*↑ SPACE*
  - (b) the exercise and performance of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act; and
  - (c) regulations proposed or made in terms of section 78.
- (2) The Authority shall make known its intention to conduct <sup>such</sup> an inquiry by the publication in the **Gazette** of a notice to that effect.
- (3) The notice referred to in subsection (2) shall indicate the subject matter of the inquiry and ~~shall~~ invite interested parties to -
- (a) submit written representations; and
  - (b) indicate whether or not they require an opportunity to make oral representations to the Authority,

5) The Authority shall at the request of any <sup>interested party</sup> ~~person~~ and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed (if any), furnish him or her with a certified copy of or extract from <sup>the written representations</sup> ~~any part of the documentation~~ contemplated in ~~paragraph (a)~~ subsection (4).

within the period specified in the notice.

13/9  
(X)

- (4) ~~The~~ written representations made pursuant to a notice referred to in subsection (2) shall be open to inspection by interested parties during the normal office hours of the Authority.

Replace  
as per p.  
39A →

- ~~(5) Any interested party may on payment of a fee determined by the Authority require the Authority to furnish him or her with a copy of or extract from such written representations.~~

X  
X  
X

- (6) The Authority shall advise the parties referred to in subsection (3)(b) of the place and time when oral representations may be made.

- (7) Oral representations referred to in subsection (3)(b) shall be made in public.

- (8) The Authority shall, as soon as may be reasonably practicable after the commencement of this Act and as a matter of urgency, conduct a simultaneous inquiry in terms of this section into -

- (a) the matters referred to in section 45(1);

- (b) the matters referred to in section ~~50(2)~~<sup>50(1)</sup>; and

- (c) the matters ~~referred to~~<sup>contemplated</sup> in section 53(7).

X  
X

- (9) ~~X~~ An application for a broadcasting licence shall not be considered nor shall any such licence be granted until such time as the matters ~~referred to~~<sup>contemplated</sup> in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (8) have all been duly disposed of in accordance with the respective applicable provisions of this Act pursuant to the findings and, where applicable, the recommendations, of the Authority following the conclusion of the inquiry contemplated in that subsection.

## CHAPTER 4

### CONTROL OF THE BROADCASTING FREQUENCY SPECTRUM

#### 29. Authority principally vested with powers in relation to administration, management and planning of broadcasting services frequency bands

(1) Notwithstanding any provisions in the Radio Act, 1952 (Act No. 3 of 1952), or of any other relevant law to the contrary, all powers, functions and duties in relation to the administration, management, planning and use of the broadcasting services frequency bands, shall as from the date of commencement of this Act, devolve upon the Authority, subject to the provisions of subsection (4).

(2) In administering, managing, planning and granting permission to use the broadcasting services frequency bands devolving upon the Authority in terms of subsection (1) the Authority shall comply with the applicable standards and requirements of the International Telecommunications Union <sup>as reflected</sup> in its current Radio Regulations, as agreed to or adopted by the Republic, and shall <sup>give its co-operation with a view</sup> enable the Postmaster General to meet the obligations of the Republic to the International Telecommunications Union as and when necessary.

(3) The Authority shall in exercising its powers, functions and duties in terms of subsections (1) and (2), ensure that in the use of the broadcasting services frequency bands interference ~~is kept to a minimum and~~ does not exceed acceptable interference levels.

(4) (a) The Authority may, if requested thereto in writing by the Postmaster General, make any of the broadcasting services frequency bands available to the Postmaster General for use by telecommunications

17/9  
X  
19/9  
X

}  
X?  
}

13/9

(K) Frequencies within the broadcasting services frequency bands which, on 1 September 1993, are used by telecommunications users under any radio licence issued <sup>For that purpose</sup> by the Postmaster General in terms of any law, shall be deemed to have been made available to the Postmaster General in terms of paragraph (b).

users in terms of the Radio Act, 1952, which request shall not be unreasonably refused.

(b) Where, pursuant to any request contemplated in paragraph (a), the Authority has made <sup>GET</sup> ~~any~~ broadcasting services frequency bands available for use by telecommunications users, the administration, management, planning and use of <sup>those</sup> ~~such~~ broadcasting services frequency bands shall cease to vest in the Authority. 13/9 X

See P. 41A } (c) ~~Broadcasting services frequency bands licenced by the Postmaster General under any law for use by telecommunications users as on the first day of September, 1993, shall be deemed to have been made available to the Postmaster General in terms of paragraph (b).~~ Frequencies within the X

(5) Notwithstanding any other provisions contained in this Act, the Authority is obliged to honour present and future commitments of the Republic of ~~South Africa~~ in terms of international agreements in respect of radio and telecommunication <sup>(ES)</sup> matters, ~~and in~~ <sup>with</sup> particular <sup>reference to</sup> the Convention of the International Telecommunications Union (ITU) as well as the main and operating agreements of the International Telecommunication Satellite Organisation (INTELSAT). X 13/9 XXX

### 30. Broadcasting Technical Committee

The Broadcasting Technical Committee shall be responsible for -

(a) the administration, management and planning of the broadcasting services frequency bands in accordance with bilateral, multilateral or international ~~regulation~~ <sup>agreed to or adopted by the Republic,</sup> and with the provisions of this Act; X

- (b) the examination of all technical matters relevant to licence applications in order to determine the technical eligibility of applicants for licences;
- (c) the approval of technical parameters, signal standards, transmitters and transmission characteristics to be used by licensees;
- (d) the inspection of the plant, installations, transmitters and other apparatus used or to be used by any licensee ~~or prospective licensee~~; X
- (e) all the monitoring and investigative functions of the Authority with regard to contraventions of sections 32 and 39;
- (f) assisting the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee in the circumstances contemplated in section 62(2);
- (g) giving effect to the provisions of section 29(2) and (3);
- (h) assisting the Postmaster General <sup>as regards, in</sup> matters relating to broadcasting, preparing for international conferences X (X) convened by the International Telecommunications Union ~~in~~ matters relating X (X) to broadcasting, and for that purpose attending such conferences and, where applicable, implementing any decisions <sup>in relation to broadcasting,</sup> adopted at such conferences, ~~which, in neighbouring states, are charged with responsibility in respect of~~ X
- (i) consultation with the <sup>such states,</sup> relevant bodies ~~responsible for~~ responsible for broadcasting in ~~neighbouring countries,~~ subject to the directions of the Authority (if any); X (X)
- (j) subject to the directions of the Authority (if any), the performance of all other technical functions of the Authority, ← X



31. Frequency plan

(1) The Authority shall, as soon as may be reasonably practicable after the commencement of this Act and before any application for a new broadcasting licence is considered in terms <sup>there =</sup> of ~~this Act~~, prepare a frequency plan whereby the maximum number of frequencies available for broadcasting services are determined.

(2) In preparing a frequency plan in terms of this section, the Authority shall -

- (a) have due regard to the reports of experts in the field <sup>of Frequency planning</sup> and to <sup>13/9</sup> internationally-accepted methods for preparing such plans;
- (b) take into account the existing frequencies used by broadcasting services; and
- (c) reserve frequencies on all bands for the different categories of broadcasting licences referred to in section 40(1),

and publish its draft plan by notice in the **Gazette** and in such notice invite interested parties to submit their written comments and representations to the Authority within such period as may be specified in such notice.

(3) After due consideration of the comments and representation <sup>= (if any)</sup> received pursuant to the notice referred to in subsection (2) ~~(if any)~~, the Authority shall determine the frequency plan and cause such plan to be published in the **Gazette**.

(4) (a) Any frequency plan determined in terms of this section and all such comments and representations as have been received in response to the notice contemplated in subsection (3), shall be kept at the offices of the

Authority and be available for inspection by members of the public during the normal office hours of the Authority.

- (b) The Authority shall at the request of any person and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed (if any), furnish him or her with a certified copy of or extract from any part of the documentation contemplated in paragraph (a).
- (5)
- (a) The Authority shall annually review a frequency plan determined in terms of this section.
  - (b) The provisions of subsections (2), (3) and (4) shall **mutatis mutandis** apply in relation to any amendment contemplated in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

## CHAPTER 5

### BROADCASTING SIGNAL DISTRIBUTION LICENCES

#### 32. Prohibition of broadcasting signal distribution without licence

Subject to the provisions of section 33(2), <sup>a</sup> ~~no~~ person shall <sup>not</sup> provide broadcasting signal distribution unless provided under and in accordance with a licence issued to that person by the Authority.

13/9  
(X)

#### 33. Granting of broadcasting signal distribution licences

(1) A broadcasting signal distribution licence -

(a) may be granted to -

(i) a person who, as a common carrier, is to provide broadcasting signal distribution for broadcasting licensees in the manner contemplated in section 37;

(ii) a person who is to provide broadcasting signal distribution for broadcasting licensees on a selective and preferential basis;

(iii) a broadcasting licensee who chooses to provide, <sup>either</sup> ~~whether~~ wholly or partly, broadcasting signal distribution <sup>himself or herself</sup> ~~for himself~~ but who does not provide <sup>the same</sup> ~~broadcasting signal distribution~~ for any other broadcasting licensee;

13/9  
(X)  
(X)

(b) shall, subject to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2/ X  
and to the provisions of this Chapter, be granted to any person who  
satisfies the requirements of subsection (2) and has applied for such  
licence in accordance with the provisions of that subsection.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32, any person who, immediately  
prior to the <sup>date of</sup> commencement of this Act, is engaged in broadcasting signal  
distribution in a manner not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, shall, X  
for a period of twelve months from the said date, be deemed to be the holder  
of a broadcasting signal distribution licence contemplated in subparagraph (i),  
(ii) or (iii) of subsection (1)(a) if such person, within such period, applies to X X  
the Authority for a broadcasting signal distribution licence.

(3) A licence granted to a person under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) shall X  
assume the format of one of the licences mentioned in subparagraph (i), (ii)  
or (iii) of paragraph (a) of that subsection and shall, subject to the provisions  
of this Act, confer no greater rights, privileges or empowerments and impose  
no stricter duties, conditions, obligations or responsibilities on such person  
than those with which he or she was vested or to which he or she was subject  
immediately prior to such date of commencement.

(4) Where the Republic has, in terms of section 79, entered into an agreement  
with any state <sup>or territory</sup> referred to in that section, the provisions of subsections (2) and X  
(3) shall **mutatis mutandis** apply in relation to any person who, immediately  
prior to the <sup>date of</sup> entry into force of such an agreement, provides broadcasting X  
signal distribution in that state <sup>or territory</sup> in a manner not inconsistent with the provisions X  
of this Act.

**34. Procedures in relation to granting, issuing, renewal, amendment and transfer of broadcasting signal distribution licences**

The procedures in relation to any application for the granting, issuing, renewal, amendment and transfer of any broadcasting signal distribution licence shall be as prescribed.

**35. Transmitters and transmission characteristics to be approved by Authority**

(1) Broadcasting signal distribution in a licence area shall be provided only by means of transmitters, the nature, number and transmission characteristics of which have been approved by the Authority. (X)

(2) A broadcasting signal distribution licensee shall not -

(a) change any of his or her transmitters approved in terms of subsection (1) nor add to or reduce the number of transmitters so approved;

(b) effect any change in the transmission characteristics of any of his or her transmitters so approved,

except with the prior written permission of the Authority.

(3) A broadcasting signal distribution licence to be issued pursuant to the granting thereof in terms of section 33(1), shall stipulate the nature, number and transmission characteristics of the transmitters approved by the Authority under subsection (1) or (2) <sup>of this section</sup> for use ~~by the broadcasting signal distribution licensee~~ <sup>the licensee</sup> in providing broadcasting signal distribution. X

36. General obligations of broadcasting signal distribution licensees

A broadcasting signal distribution licensee shall -

- 13/9
- (a) comply with the provisions of this Act and the Authority's frequency plan ~~of the Authority;~~
  - (b) ~~not provide broadcasting signal distribution except~~ <sup>only</sup> to broadcasting services ~~licensed by the Authority in terms of this Act, and~~ <sup>provided under an appropriate and valid broadcasting licence;</sup> and
  - (c) take due cognisance of the environmental impact of ~~its~~ <sup>his or her operational</sup> activities and comply with all applicable rules of law relating to the protection of the environment.

37. Obligations of common carrier <sup><S</sup> regarding provision of broadcasting signal distribution

A common carrier, shall -

- (a) be obliged, subject to its technological capacity to do so and to the provisions of paragraph (b), to provide broadcasting signal distribution to broadcasting licensees upon their request ~~on~~ <sup>X</sup> an equitable, reasonable, non-preferential and non-discriminatory basis;
- (b) in determining its tariffs, duly take into account, **inter alia**, -
  - (i) ~~the different categories of broadcasting licences referred to in section 40,~~ <sup>(i)</sup> and
  - (ii) ~~the nature and technical parameters of the service provided to each broadcasting licensee,~~ <sup>X</sup> with a view to ensuring that the different tariffs are appropriate to and commensurate with the various broadcasting

services to which they relate;

**38. Terms of broadcasting signal distribution licences**

The term of validity of a broadcasting signal distribution licence -

- (a) in the case of a common carrier, shall be a ~~maximum of 15~~ <sup>Fifteen</sup> years; <sup>(5)</sup> X (X)
- (b) in the case of a person referred to in section 33(1)(a)(ii), shall be ~~8~~ <sup>eight</sup> years; X
- (c) in the case of a person referred to in section 33(1)(a)(iii), shall be concurrent with the term of the broadcasting licence of ~~such~~ <sup>that</sup> person, X
- <sup>the relevant broadcasting signal distribution</sup> whereafter ~~such~~ licence shall, subject to the provisions of this Chapter, be renewable <sup>for like periods.</sup> X

## CHAPTER 6

### BROADCASTING LICENCES

#### 39. Prohibition on provision of broadcasting service without broadcasting licence

Subject to the provisions of this Act,  
A person shall not provide a broadcasting service unless such service is provided under and in accordance with a broadcasting licence issued to that person by the Authority under this Chapter.

13/9

X

X

#### 40. Categories of broadcasting licences

(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Authority may on such conditions as it may in any case determine, issue an applicant with a broadcasting licence to provide within a specified licence area -

(a) a sound broadcasting service falling with = in one or more of the following categories of services, namely - X

(i) a public sound broadcasting service;

(ii) a private sound broadcasting service;

(iii) a community sound broadcasting service;

(b) a television broadcasting service falling with = in one or more of the following categories of services, namely - X

(i) a public television broadcasting service;



(ii) a private television broadcasting service;

(iii) a community television broadcasting service.

(2) It shall be permissible for a broadcasting licensee conducting any of the broadcasting services contemplated in subsection (1) to broadcast text by radio in the course of his or her broadcasting service.

41. Application procedure in relation to broadcasting licences

(1) ~~When~~ <sup>shall, when it</sup> the Authority intends inviting applications for a broadcasting licence ~~it shall~~ cause a notice to that effect to be published in the Gazette. 13/9 t ⊗

(2) Such notice shall <sup>state</sup> ~~specify~~ the following, namely -

(a) the licence category, the frequency available, and, where applicable, the licence area and technical parameters relevant to the broadcasting licence in respect of which application may be made; X

(b) the person with whom and the period within which such an application has to be lodged; and

(c) the application fee payable, which shall be as prescribed.

(3) Every application made pursuant to such notice shall be in the prescribed form which form shall **inter alia** require the applicant to furnish particulars -

(a) of his or her proposals in relation to the nature and licence area of the service; and

(b) which, having due regard to the provisions of section 45, 46 or 47 (whichever is applicable), may be reasonably necessary in order to enable the Authority to properly consider the application,

and shall be accompanied by the prescribed application fee.

(4) The provisions of subsection (3) shall **mutatis mutandis** apply <sup>in relation</sup> to any person ~~who~~ **mero motu** applies to the Authority for a broadcasting licence. X

(5) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, an applicant may be required in writing by the Authority to furnish it, <sup>the Authority,</sup> within the period specified by it, with such further information as may be reasonably necessary with a view to enabling <sup>it</sup> ~~the Authority~~ to properly consider the application. 13/9 X

(6) Within fourteen days of receipt of any application in terms of this section, the Authority shall cause to be published in the **Gazette** a notice containing all the material particulars of the application and inviting interested <sup>persons</sup> ~~parties~~ to lodge their written representations in relation to the application in the manner specified in such notice within one month as from the date of such notice. X

(7) (a) Any <sup>person who</sup> ~~party which~~ lodges representations <sup>pursuant to a notice</sup> in terms of subsection (6), shall at the time of lodgement furnish proof to the satisfaction of the Authority that it has sent by registered post or delivered a copy of such representations to the applicant concerned. 13/9 X X

(b) Any <sup>person who</sup> ~~party which~~ has <sup>50</sup> lodged representations, ~~in terms of paragraph (a)~~ may be required in writing by the Authority to furnish it, within the period specified by it, with such further information as it considers necessary. 13/9 X X

(8) The applicant shall submit <sup>his or her</sup> ~~its~~ written response (if any) to any representations lodged in terms of subsection (7) to the Authority within two months of the date of the notice contemplated in subsection (6), and shall at the same time furnish proof to the satisfaction of the Authority that <sup>he or she</sup> ~~it~~ has sent by registered post or delivered a copy of such written response to the <sup>person</sup> ~~party~~ having made such representations. X

(9) If there is more than one licence application in terms of subsection (3) or (4) (hereinafter referred to as competitive licence applications) <sup>relating</sup> ~~to~~ substantially, <sup>to</sup> the same frequency and licence area, the Authority may, with due regard to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2 and <sup>to</sup> the provisions of sections 45(2), 46(1) and 47(1) and (2), <sup>whichever is</sup> ~~where~~ applicable, determine the most suitable applicant. X

#### 42. Hearings in relation to applications for broadcasting licences

- (1) The Authority shall hold a hearing in respect of every application for a broadcasting licence received by it as provided in this section.
- (2) The Authority shall hold a hearing in terms of subsection (1) as soon as may be reasonably practicable, due regard being had to the provisions of section 41(6), (7) and (8), at such date, time and place as shall be determined by the Authority by notice in the **Gazette**.
- (3) At any hearing in terms of subsection (1) -
  - (a) the applicant and each party having made representations in terms of subsection (7) of section 41, shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard;

- (b) the parties referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection may be assisted and represented by any person of their choice;
- (c) the Authority, after having duly considered the application, the representations (if any) made in accordance with the provisions of that subsection, the applicant's written response thereto (if any), any further information furnished in terms of section 41 and any other evidence tendered to the Authority, shall grant or refuse the application and provide written reasons for its decision.
- (4) Hearings held in terms of this section shall be open to the public.
- (5) (a) The Authority shall keep a record of all applications and other documentation received by it in terms of section 41 and of all its proceedings and rulings at any hearing in terms of this section. X
- (b) The records referred to in paragraph (a) shall be open to public inspection by interested persons during the normal office hours of the Authority.
- (c) The Authority shall at the request of any interested <sup>person</sup> ~~party~~ and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed (if any), furnish him or her with a certified copy of or extract from any record referred to in paragraph (a). X
- (6) Upon having reached a decision on any application, the Authority shall, by notice in the **Gazette** and by written notice addressed to the applicant, make known the outcome thereof. X

**43. Entitlements under and conditions pertaining to broadcasting licences**

(1) (a) Notwithstanding any provisions in any other law <sup>to the contrary</sup>, a licence granted and issued under this Chapter shall by itself entitle the licensee concerned to use the radio frequency and the station as specified in his or her licence for the purpose of providing the broadcasting service to which such licence relates.

(b) For the purposes of paragraph (a), "station" shall mean any separate radio receiving or transmitting apparatus or any combination thereof, including any accessory equipment.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Authority, in granting any broadcasting licence pursuant to a decision in terms of section 42(3)(c), may impose such terms, conditions, obligations and provisions appropriate to such licence ~~as it deems fit and which are~~ <sup>and</sup> consistent with the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2 <sup>as it deems fit.</sup>

(3) Any term, condition or obligation imposed in terms of subsection (1) shall be specified in the licence to which it pertains and shall upon the issue of such licence acquire the force of law.

(4) A broadcasting licensee shall commence with the broadcasting service to which his or her licence relates within such period as shall be determined by the Authority or within any extension of that period granted by the Authority on good cause shown, failing which such licence shall lapse.

**44. Renewal of broadcasting licences**

(1) An application for the renewal of a broadcasting licence may be made to the

Authority by the broadcasting licensee not earlier than six months, and not later than 3 months, before the date on which it expires <sup>by virtue of the provisions</sup> ~~in terms of~~ section 54. 14/9 X

(2) Sections 41, 42 and 43 shall **mutatis mutandis** apply <sup>in relation</sup> to an application for the renewal of a broadcasting licence. X

(3) The Authority shall not, in relation to any application for the renewal of a broadcasting licence, require from the applicant any information already in possession of the Authority pursuant to having been furnished to it in connection with any prior application made by the applicant in relation to such broadcasting licence.

(4) The Authority shall refuse an application for the renewal of a broadcasting licence only if the licensee has failed to materially comply with the licence conditions or the provisions of this Act during the term of the existing licence and if the Authority is satisfied that the applicant would not <sup>so comply</sup> if his or her licence were renewed. ~~so comply~~ XX X

(5) A broadcasting licence shall continue to be of force and effect until such time as the Authority has made its decision regarding the application for renewal of such ~~broadcasting~~ licence. X 14/9

(6) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), a broadcasting licensee may at any time <sup>the expiration of</sup> after the three month period referred to in that subsection but before the expiration of the term of his or her broadcasting licence, apply for the renewal thereof. X

(b) Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary, a broadcasting licence shall not be renewed where <sup>F=</sup> any application <sup>L</sup> or renewal has been made in the circumstances contemplated in paragraph (a), unless the X 14/9 X

broadcasting licensee pays to the Authority, in addition to the prescribed licence fee, a penalty, in such amount as may be prescribed, in respect of each day by which he or she delayed in making ~~his or her~~ application timeously in terms of subsection (1). (X) 49

#### 45. Public broadcasting licences

- (1) As soon as may be reasonably practicable after the commencement of this Act, the Authority shall conduct an inquiry in accordance with the provisions of section 28 into the protection and viability of public broadcasting services, with particular reference to the financing of such services, ~~and~~ at the conclusion ~~thereof~~ <sup>of which</sup> the Authority shall in writing <sup>furnish</sup> ~~submit~~ its findings and recommendations to the Minister, who shall table the same in the Transitional Executive Council or, where it has been dissolved in terms of section 5 of the Transitional Executive Council Act, 1993, in the National Assembly, within fourteen days of receipt thereof: Provided that if, where such findings and recommendations are to be tabled in the National Assembly, the National Assembly is not in session at the time, such tabling shall be effected within fourteen days after the commencement of its next ensuing session. X (X)
- (2) In the event of the Authority considering the granting of a new public broadcasting licence, it shall, with due regard to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, **inter alia** take into account - X
- (a) the demand for the proposed broadcasting service within the proposed licence area;
- (b) the need for the proposed service within such area, having due regard to broadcasting services already existing therein; and

- (c) the technical quality of the proposed service having due regard to developments in broadcasting technology.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, any person who immediately prior to the date of commencement of this Act provides one or more public broadcasting services in accordance with law shall, for a period of twelve months as from such date of commencement, be deemed to be the holder of a public broadcasting licence contemplated in section 40(1)(a)(i) or (b)(i) <sup>(2)</sup> as the case may be <sup>(3)</sup> in respect of each such service: Provided that such person shall for any such service be granted an appropriate public broadcasting licence in terms of this Act if he or she makes application therefor within the said period.
- (4) Where the Republic has in terms of section <sup>77</sup> 78 entered into an agreement with a state <sup>or territory</sup> referred to in that section, the provisions of subsection (3) <sup>of this section</sup> shall **mutatis mutandis** apply in <sup>respect of</sup> relation to any person who, immediately prior to the entry into force of such agreement, provided <sup>=5</sup> one or more public broadcasting services in such state <sup>or territory</sup> in accordance with the laws in force therein at the time.

#### 46. Private broadcasting licences

- (1) In considering <sup>=4</sup> an application for a private broadcasting licence, the Authority shall, with due regard to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, **inter alia** take into account -
- (a) the demand for the proposed broadcasting service within the proposed licence area;



- 14/9
- (b) the need for the proposed service within such licence area, having ~~due~~ regard to the broadcasting services already existing therein; (X)
  - (c) the expected technical quality of the proposed service, having ~~due~~ regard to developments in broadcasting technology; (X)
  - (d) the capability, expertise and experience of the applicant;
  - (e) the financial means and business record of the applicant;
  - (f) the business record of each person who, if a licence were granted to the applicant, is or would be in a position to control the operations of the applicant either in his or her individual capacity or as a member of the board of directors or ~~or~~ top management structure; (X)
  - (g) the applicant's record and the record of each person referred to in paragraph (f), in situations requiring trust and candour;
  - (h) whether the applicant is precluded by or in terms of section 48, 49, 50 or 51 from holding a broadcasting licence; and
  - (i) whether either of the applicant and the person referred to in paragraph (f) has been convicted of an offence in terms of this Act.

- 17/9 (X)
- (2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, any person who immediately prior to the date of commencement thereof provides a private broadcasting service under a valid licence in terms of the provisions of any law in force at the time (hereinafter referred to as an existing licence), shall be deemed to be the holder of a broadcasting licence contemplated in section 40(1)(a)(ii) or (b)(ii), as the case may be, granted and issued in terms of this Act, on the date of

(ii) Bophuthatswana Commercial Radio (Proprietary) Limited, being a licensed broadcaster according to Bophuthatswana law, shall be deemed to be the holder of an existing licence as contemplated in that paragraph, unless an agreement such as that contemplated in section 79 has been entered into between the governments of the Republic of South Africa and the Republic of Bophuthatswana: Provided that the licence which

INSERTION APPROVED BY N/Council on 02/9/93  
INSERT at end of (b)(ii) of p.60  
05/09/93 X  
X

may be deemed to be held in terms of this subparagraph shall in no way derogate from the validity of the licence held under Bophuthatswana law and <sup>from</sup> the authority of the Bophuthatswana Government to enforce the terms and conditions of that licence ~~as currently in force~~ under Bophuthatswana law as in force on the second day of September, 1993, under Bophuthatswana law.

Suggested alteration of Law Adviser

commencement thereof, for a period of <sup>six</sup> ~~eight~~ years and <sup>eight</sup> ~~six~~ years, respectively, on the same terms, conditions, obligations and provisions as those <sup>(in respect of) the existing</sup> applicable to such licence immediately prior to such date of commencement: Provided that the terms, conditions, <sup>and</sup> obligations and provisions of the existing licence as on the day immediately prior to such date of commencement, shall only for the duration of the said period of <sup>six</sup> ~~eight~~ years or <sup>eight</sup> ~~six~~ years (as the case may be) be deemed to be in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and shall upon the expiration of such period be subject to amendment by the Authority to such extent as may be necessary so as to excise from such licence any such terms, condition, obligation or other provision as may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, and <sup>thereupon the Authority may</sup> to substitute therefor any other new term, condition, <sup>or</sup> obligation ~~or other provision~~.

(b) In applying the provisions of paragraph (a) -

(i) the period of <sup>six years</sup> ~~eight years~~ and of <sup>eight</sup> ~~six~~ years shall be deemed to constitute the licence term in respect of the person deemed by that paragraph to be the holder of a broadcasting licence;

(ii) Bophuthatswana Commercial Radio (Proprietary) Limited, ~~being~~ a licensed broadcaster according to Bophuthatswana law, shall be deemed to be the holder of an existing licence as contemplated in that paragraph, unless an agreement such as that contemplated in section 79 has been entered into between the governments of the Republic of South Africa and ~~the~~ Republic of Bophuthatswana. <sup>=s</sup> Provided that ...

[See p. 60 A Vol. II/e]

(3) Where the Republic has in terms of section 79 entered into an agreement with a state or territory referred to in that section, the provisions of subsection (2)(a) shall **mutatis mutandis** apply in relation to any person who,

immediately prior to the entry into force of such agreement, provides a private broadcasting service in such state, <sup>or territory</sup> under a valid licence in terms of the laws in force therein at the time. (X) 14/9

#### 47. Community broadcasting licences

X (1) In considering an <sup>=y</sup> application for a community broadcasting licence, the Authority shall, with due regard to the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, **inter alia** take into account -

- X  
X
- (a) whether the applicant is fully controlled by a non-profit entity <sup>and carried on</sup> for non-profitable purposes; (X) 14/9
  - (b) whether the applicant proposes to serve the interests of the relevant community;
  - (c) whether, as regards the provision of the proposed broadcasting service, the applicant has the support of the relevant community or of those associated with or promoting the interests of such community, which support shall be measured according to such criteria as shall be prescribed; and
  - (d) whether the applicant proposes to encourage members of the relevant community or those associated with or promoting the interests of such community to participate in the selection and provision of programmes to be broadcast <sup>in the course of</sup> such broadcasting service; (X) 14/9

(2) Paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (g) and (i) of section 46(1) shall **mutatis mutandis** apply in relation to a community broadcasting licence.

**48. Limitations on foreign control of private broadcasting services**

- (1) One or more foreign persons shall not, whether directly or indirectly -
  - (a) exercise control over a private broadcasting licensee; or
  - (b) ~~be a director of a private broadcasting licensee~~ have financial or voting interests in a private broadcasting licensee exceeding twenty per cent in total.
  
- (2) Not more than twenty <sup>1</sup>percent of the directors of a private broadcasting licensee may be foreign persons. X
  
- (3) The preceding provisions of this section shall not apply in respect of any person who -
  - (a) by subsection (2) of section 46 is deemed; or
  - (b) by virtue of subsection (3) of section 46 being read with paragraph (a) of the said subsection (2), is by the said subsection (2) deemed,to be a broadcasting licensee, for the duration of the period of <sup>six</sup> ~~eight~~ or <sup>eight</sup> ~~six~~ years (as the case may be) deemed to constitute the first term of <sup>his</sup> ~~such~~ licence. L 14/9 X

**49. Limitations on control of private broadcasting services**

- (1) No person shall -
  - (a) directly or indirectly exercise control over more than one private television broadcasting licence; or

X X (b) be a director of a company which is, or of two or more companies which ~~are~~ <sup>are,</sup> between them, in a position to exercise control over more than one private television broadcasting licence; or

(c) be in a position to exercise control over a private television broadcasting licence and be a director of any company which is in a position to exercise control over <sup>any</sup> ~~any~~ other private television broadcasting licence. X

(2) No person shall -

(a) be in a position to exercise control over more than two private FM sound broadcasting licences;

X (b) be a director of a company which is, or of two or more companies which ~~are~~ <sup>are,</sup> between them, in a position to exercise control over more than two private FM sound broadcasting licences; or

(c) be in a position to exercise control over two private FM sound broadcasting licences and be a director of any company which is in a position to exercise control over any other private FM sound broadcasting licence. 14/9 X

(3) <sup>A</sup> No person referred to in subsection (2) shall <sup>not</sup> be in a position to control two private FM sound broadcasting licences which <sup>either</sup> have the same or substantially overlapping licence areas. X

(4) No person shall -

(a) be in a position to exercise control over more than two private AM sound broadcasting licences;

- (b) ~~XX~~ be a director of a company which is, or of two or more companies which ~~are~~ <sup>are</sup> between them <sup>are</sup> in a position to exercise control over more than two private AM sound broadcasting licences; or
- (c) ~~X~~ be in a position to exercise control over two private AM sound broadcasting licences <sup>be</sup> and a director of any company which is in a position to exercise control over any other private AM sound broadcasting licence. ~~X~~
- (5) No person referred to in subsection (4) shall ~~be~~ in a position to control two private AM sound broadcasting licences which <sup>either</sup> have the same <sup>licence areas</sup> or substantially overlapping licence areas. ~~XX~~
- (6) (a) On application by any person, the Authority may, on good cause shown and without departing from the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, exempt such person from adhering to any one of the limitations contemplated in the preceding subsections. ~~X~~
- (b) An exemption in terms of paragraph (a) may be made subject to such terms and conditions as the Authority deems appropriate and equitable in the circumstances.
- (7) The Authority may, whenever deemed necessary in view of developments in broadcasting technology or for the purposes of advancing the objects and principles ~~as~~ enunciated in section 2, after due inquiry in terms of section 28 ~~as~~ make recommendations to the Minister regarding the amendment of any of the preceding subsections, which recommendations shall be tabled in the National Assembly by the Minister within fourteen days after receipt thereof, if the National Assembly is then in session or, if the National Assembly is not then in session, within fourteen days after the commencement of its next ensuing session. ~~X~~

50. Limitations on cross-media control of private broadcasting services

(1) Cross-media control of broadcasting services shall be subject to such limitations as from time to time determined by the Transitional Executive Council acting on the recommendation of the Authority, or, where the Transitional Executive Council has dissolved in terms of section 5 of the Transitional Executive Council Act, 1993, by the National Assembly ~~so~~

Min. Sebete 14/9

(X) ~~so~~ <sup>STET</sup> in accordance with the provisions of the ~~the~~ Constitution Act. X X

(2) With a view to exercising its powers in terms of subsection (1), the Authority shall, as soon as may be reasonably practicable after the commencement of this Act, conduct an inquiry in accordance with the provisions of section 28 and shall in doing so, ~~inter alia~~ have regard to - XX

(a) the various categories of newspapers according to frequency of publication, geographical extent of circulation and circulation figures, <sup>as well as</sup> and any matter relevant to the existing and future control of <sup>any</sup> such newspaper; and X X

(b) the maximum percentage of financial or voting interests which may be held in any one or more private broadcasting licensees by a person who controls one or more newspapers or group <sup>of</sup> newspapers. (X) 14/9

and any international precedents in that regard.

(X)

(3) The Authority may on good cause shown, <sup>and</sup> without departing from the objects and principles enunciated in section 2, exempt the publisher of a newspaper or, where such publisher is a company, the person in control of such company, from adherence to any <sup>of the</sup> limitations determined in terms of this section. (X) 05/09/93



- (4) The Authority may, whenever ~~it deems it~~ <sup>deemed</sup> necessary in view of developments in broadcasting technology or for the purpose of advancing the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, institute and conduct a public inquiry and make recommendations to the Minister regarding the amendment of any <sup>of the</sup> preceding subsections <sup>of this section.</sup> X XX
- (5) The recommendations contemplated in subsection ~~(5)~~ <sup>(4)</sup> shall be tabled in the National Assembly by the Minister within fourteen days of receipt thereof, if <sup>the National Assembly</sup> the National Assembly is then in session, or, if ~~it~~ is not then in session, within fourteen days after the commencement of its next ensuing session. X 14/9 05/09/93
- (6) A determination made in terms of subsection (1), whether pursuant to the first inquiry referred to in ~~subsection (8) of section 28~~ <sup>(8)</sup> or to any subsequent inquiry conducted in accordance with the provisions of ~~that section~~ <sup>this Act</sup>, shall not be applicable to and <sup>not be</sup> enforceable against any broadcasting licensee to which such determination relates <sup>for the duration of the term of</sup> ~~during~~ the licence term valid at the time such determination is made, but shall become applicable to and enforceable against such a broadcasting licensee ~~only~~ upon the renewal of his or her licence upon the expiration of such term. X XX 14/9

51. **Prohibition on granting of broadcasting licences to <sup>party</sup> political entities** X 05/09/93

No broadcasting licence shall be granted to any party, movement, organisation, or body of a ~~party political~~ nature or ~~any other~~ <sup>which is</sup> alliance of a party political nature. X

52. **Amendment of broadcasting licences**

- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 46(2), a broadcasting licence may be

amended by the Authority only -

- (a) to such extent as may be necessary in the interest of orderly frequency management, provided the amendment will not cause substantial prejudice to the licensee; or X
- (b) to such extent as may be necessitated by <sup>virtue of</sup> any bilateral, multilateral or ~~any~~ international agreement or convention relating to broadcasting to which the Republic is ~~a party~~ <sup>bound, whether as a party or otherwise</sup> or X 14/9
- (c) if requested thereto by the broadcasting licensee, and then only if and in so far as the proposed amendment -
- (i) does not militate against orderly frequency management;
  - (ii) will not prejudice any other broadcasting licensee; and
  - (iii) will not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or with any agreement contemplated in paragraph (b).
- (2) Whenever the Authority considers amending a broadcasting licence in terms of subsection (1), it shall cause notice of the proposed amendment to be published in the **Gazette** and, in the case of an amendment contemplated in paragraph (a) or (c) of that subsection, invite interested persons to make their representations within a period of fourteen days to a person specified in such notice.
- (3) When representations are lodged with the Authority in accordance with the requirements of the notice referred to in subsection (2), the provisions of subsections (5), (6), (7) and (8) of section 41 shall **mutatis mutandis** apply: Provided that for the purpose of such application, ~~any reference in~~ <sup>of</sup> the said X 14/9

~~the~~ references therein  
subsections (6) and (8) to "one month" <sup>and</sup> "two months" shall be construed as ~~(X)~~ 14/1  
a reference to "fourteen days".

(4) The Authority may in its discretion hold a hearing with a view to making a decision regarding the amendment of a licence in terms of subsection (1)(a) or (c) <sup>of this section,</sup> in which event the provisions of section 42 shall **mutatis mutandis** ~~(X)~~ apply.

(5) The proceedings referred to in subsection (3) shall be held in public and the documents pertaining to such proceedings shall be open to public scrutiny.

14/9 ~~(X)~~ (6) Upon having decided to amend a broadcasting licence, the Authority shall <sup>as</sup> cause such amendment to be published in the **Gazette** <sup>as soon as possible.</sup>

**53. Imposition of specific broadcasting licence conditions regarding local television content and South African music**

(1) For the purposes of this section -

~~(X)~~ (a) "local television content" means a television programme, excluding transmissions of sports events and compilations thereof, advertisements, teletext and continuity announcements, <sup>which is</sup> produced -

(i) by a broadcasting licensee; or

(ii) by a person who is a citizen <sup>of</sup> and permanent <sup>=ly</sup> resident <sup>in</sup> of the ~~(X)(X)(X)~~ Republic; or

(iii) by a juristic person, the majority of directors, shareholders or members of which are citizens <sup>of</sup> and permanent <sup>=ly</sup> residents <sup>in</sup> of the ~~(X)(X)~~

Republic; or

(iv) in a co-production in which persons referred to in subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii) have at least a fifty per cent financial interest; or X

(v) by persons referred to in subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) and in circumstances where the prescribed number of the key personnel who are involved in the production of the television programme, are citizens and permanent residents of the Republic; or X  
*(of = 14 = 14)*

(vi) by persons referred to in subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) in circumstances where the prescribed percentage of the production costs are expended in the Republic; X  
*(incurred)*

(b) "independent television production" means a production of local television content -

(i) by a person who is not directly or indirectly employed by any broadcasting licensee; or X

(ii) by a person who is not controlled by or does not control any broadcasting licensee; and X  
*STE? IS in of F3*

(c) a musical <sup>work</sup> selection broadcast by a broadcasting service referred to in subsection (3) shall qualify as "South African music" if such <sup>work</sup> composition complies with at least two of the following <sup>requirements</sup> conditions; namely - X  
*15/9*

(i) if the lyrics (if any) were written by a South African citizen;

*M. Markowitz 15/9*  
*10hoo 15/9*

- (ii) if the music was written by a South African citizen;
- (iii) if the music or lyrics was or were principally performed by musicians who are South African citizens;

M. Markowitz  
at 10h00

- X (iv) if the musical <sup>work</sup> ~~selection~~ consists of a live performance which is 
  - (aa) recorded wholly in the Republic; or
  - (bb) performed wholly in the Republic and broadcast live in the Republic.

(2) The Authority shall in respect of a television broadcasting licence impose and specify therein such conditions, as prescribed, regarding local television content and independent television production, which, without derogating from the generality of the foregoing, may include any condition requiring the broadcasting licensee -

15/9

- (a) <sup>annually</sup> L to expend a specified sum of money subject to reasonable yearly escalation or, alternatively, a specified minimum percentage of <sup>his or her</sup> gross revenue, on programmes which have a local television content;
- (b) to allocate a specified minimum percentage of <sup>his or her</sup> ~~the~~ total amount of broadcast <sup>ing</sup> ~~transmission~~ time to television programmes which have a local television content;

SPACE



- (c) in the case where he or she provides a subscription broadcasting service, a portion of which is unencoded, to allocate a specified minimum percentage of <sup>broadcasting</sup> unencoded ~~time~~ to programmes which have a local television content;

SPACE X

(d) in the case where he or she has a regional or local licence area, to allocate a specified minimum percentage <sup>of broadcasting time</sup> to local television programmes which have been produced in the <sup>relevant</sup> region or locality; and

15/97  
X  
X

19/9 X

(e) to allocate a specified minimum portion of the percentage referred to in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d), whichever is applicable, to a prescribed diversity of television programmes which are independent television productions.

(3) The Authority shall, in relation to a broadcasting service which devotes a significant proportion of its broadcasting time to broadcasting music, prescribe a condition whereby the licensee is required to broadcast a specified minimum percentage of musical <sup>works</sup> ~~selections~~ which qualify as South African music.

X 15/9

(4) In prescribing any amount or percentage referred to in subsection (2) or (3), the Authority may prescribe the application thereof with regard to -

(a) <sup>any of the</sup> ~~the~~ categories of broadcasting licence <sup>=></sup> referred to in section 40(1); X

(b) defined viewing and listening times, where applicable;

(c) various categories of television programmes <sup>where applicable</sup>; and X

(d) the period within which the broadcasting licensee shall comply with the provisions of this section.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 46(2) or (3), any person who by such section is deemed to be the holder of a broadcasting licence referred to in section 40(1)(a)(ii) or (b)(ii), shall be subject to any regulations made under section 78 for the purpose of prescribing conditions capable of being imposed in terms of subsection (2) or (3) of this section (whichever is applicable), and

shall on demand submit to the Authority his or her licence with a view to having conditions specified thereon in accordance with the provisions of such regulations.

15/9  
X

- (6) A condition <sup>imposed</sup> in terms of subsection (2) in respect of any television broadcasting licence shall become binding on and enforceable against the licensee concerned on the expiration of a reasonable period, not shorter than eighteen months, as shall in each case be <sup>d</sup> ~~specified~~ <sup>determined</sup> by the Authority <sup>and specified</sup> ~~on~~ <sup>the relevant</sup> licence. 15/9
- (7) With a view to exercising its powers in terms of subsections (2), (3) and (4), the Authority shall, as soon as may be reasonably practicable after the commencement of this Act, conduct an inquiry in accordance with the provisions of section 28.

X  
X

#### 54. Terms of broadcasting licences

The term of validity of a broadcasting licence -

- (a) in the case of a public and a private television broadcasting licence, shall be eight years;
- (b) in the case of a public and a private sound broadcasting licence, shall be six years; and
- (c) in the case of a community sound or television broadcasting licence, shall be four years,

whereafter such licence shall, subject to the provisions of this Chapter, be renewable for like periods.

55. Record of programmes broadcast by broadcasting licensee

(1) A broadcasting licensee shall -

(a) retain, for a period not less than thirty days, a recording of every <sup>broadcast</sup> programme ~~included~~ in the <sup>course of his or her broadcasting</sup> service, ~~in question;~~

15/9

(X)

(b) <sup>on demand</sup> ~~at the request~~ of the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee, produce to it any such recording for examination or reproduction;

(X)

(X)

(c) <sup>on demand</sup> ~~at the request~~ of the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee, <sup>produce</sup> ~~provide~~ to it any script or transcript of a programme after the broadcast thereof.

(2) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring or authorising the Authority or the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee in the performance of its functions and duties, to view programmes prior to their being broadcast.



CHAPTER 7

BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES

15/9

(X)

56. Code of Conduct <sup>For Broadcasting Services</sup> ~~and exemptions~~

(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), all broadcasting licensees shall adhere to the Code of Conduct for Broadcasting Services as set out in Schedule ~~1~~ <sup>1</sup>.

X

15/9

(X)

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall not apply to any broadcasting licensee if ~~that licensee~~ <sup>he or she</sup> is a member of a body which has proved to the satisfaction of the Authority that its members subscribe and adhere to a code of conduct enforced by that body by means of its own disciplinary mechanisms, <sup>and</sup> provided such code of conduct and disciplinary mechanisms are acceptable to the Authority.

57. Control over advertisements

(1) All broadcasting licensees shall adhere to the Code of Advertising Practice ~~(in this section~~ <sup>(hereinafter</sup> referred to as the Code) as from time to time determined and administered by the Advertising Standards Authority ~~of South Africa~~ <sup>of South Africa</sup>.

15/9  
(X)  
(X)

STEX

15/9

(X)

(X)

(X)

(2) The Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall adjudicate ~~any~~ <sup>is</sup> complaint <sup>is</sup> concerning ~~an~~ alleged breach <sup>is</sup> of the Code ~~referred to in subsection~~ <sup>of South Africa</sup> ~~(1)~~ by broadcasting licensees who are not members of the Advertising Standards Authority in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 8.

X  
X

- (3) Where a broadcasting licensee, <sup>irrespective of</sup> ~~whether or not~~ <sup>he or she</sup> ~~a member of the Advertising~~ <sup>said</sup> Standards Authority, is found to have breached the Code, such broadcasting licensee shall be dealt with in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 8. (X)

**58. Prohibition on broadcasting of party election broadcasts and political advertisements except in certain circumstances**

No party election broadcast and no political advertisement shall be broadcast on any broadcasting service except during an election period and then only if and to the extent authorised by the provisions of sections 59 and 60.

**59. ~~Broadcasting of party election broadcasts on sound broadcasting services during election period~~**

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a public sound broadcasting licensee shall permit a party election broadcast only during an election period and then only if such a broadcast is produced on behalf of the political party in question at the instance of its duly authorised representative.
- (2) The Authority shall determine the time to be made available to political parties for the purposes of subsection (1), including the duration and scheduling of party election broadcasts, duly taking into account the financial and programming implications for the broadcasting services in question.
- (3) The Authority shall consult with the relevant public sound broadcasting licensees and all the political parties prior to making any determination in terms of subsection (2).

- (4) In making any determination in terms of subsection (2), the Authority may impose such conditions upon a public broadcasting licensee with respect to party election broadcasts as it deems fit, having due regard to the fundamental principle that all political parties are to be treated equitably.
- (5) A party election broadcast shall not contain any material which may reasonably be anticipated to expose the broadcasting licensee to legal liability if such material were to be broadcast.
- (6) A party election broadcast shall ~~comply with~~ <sup>conform to</sup> a technical quality acceptable to the Authority. ✓
- (7) No party election broadcast shall be broadcast later than forty-eight hours prior to the commencement of the polling period.
- (8) A private or community sound broadcasting licensee shall not be required to broadcast party election broadcasts, but if he or she elects to do so, the preceding provisions of this section shall **mutatis mutandis** apply.

**60. Political advertising on sound broadcasting services during election period**

- (1) A sound broadcasting licensee shall not be required to broadcast a political advertisement, but if he or she elects to do so, he or she shall afford all other political parties, should they so request, a like opportunity.
- (2) A sound broadcasting licensee may broadcast a political advertisement only during an election period and then only if it has been submitted to such licensee on behalf of a political party by its duly authorised representative.

(3) In making advertising time available to political parties, no sound broadcasting licensee shall discriminate against any political party or make or give any preference to any political party or subject any political party to any prejudice.

(4) A political advertisement shall not contain any material which may reasonably <sup>be anticipated to</sup> ~~L~~ X expose the broadcasting licensee to legal liability if such material were to be broadcast.

(5) A political advertisement shall ~~comply with~~ <sup>conform to</sup> a technical quality acceptable to the Authority. L X

(6) No political advertisement shall be broadcast later than forty-eight hours prior to the commencement of the polling period.

(7) This section shall be subject to the provisions of any law relating to the expenditure of political parties during an election.

61. **Equitable treatment of political parties by ~~all~~ broadcasting licensees during election period** 15/9 (X)

(1) If during an election period the coverage <sup>of</sup> ~~by~~ any broadcasting service extends to the field of elections, political parties and issues relevant thereto, the broadcasting licensee concerned shall afford reasonable opportunities for the discussion of conflicting views and shall treat all political parties equitably. X

(2) In the event of any criticism against a political party being levelled in a particular programme of any broadcasting service without such ~~political~~ party having been afforded an opportunity to respond thereto in such programme or without the view of such ~~political~~ party having been reflected therein, the broadcasting licensee concerned shall be obliged to afford such political party 15/9 (X)

a reasonable opportunity to respond to the criticism.

- (3) If, within forty-eight hours before the commencement of the polling period or during the polling period, a broadcasting licensee intends broadcasting a programme in which a particular political party is criticised, the licensee shall ensure that the political party is given a reasonable opportunity to respond thereto in the same programme, or to do so as soon as is reasonably practicable thereafter.
- (4) The preceding provisions of this section shall not apply in relation to the contents of any party election broadcast in the circumstances contemplated in section 59 and any political advertisements~~s~~ in the circumstances contemplated in section 60. X

## CHAPTER 8

### ENFORCEMENT

#### 62. Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee

(1) Subject to the provisions of sections 56 and 57, the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall -

(a) monitor compliance or adherence by broadcasting licensees with -

(i) the terms, conditions, <sup>and</sup> obligations ~~and provisions~~ of their  broadcasting licences;

(ii) the Code of Conduct for Broadcasting Services as set out in Schedule ~~X~~ to this Act; X

(iii) the Code of Advertising practice contemplated in subsection (1) of section 57;

(b) ~~during an election period~~, monitor compliance by broadcasting licensees with the provisions of sections <sup>58</sup> 59, 60 and 61; X

(c) monitor compliance by broadcasting signal distribution licensees with the terms, conditions, <sup>and</sup> obligations ~~and provisions~~ of their broadcasting signal distribution licences and with any requirement relating to such a licensee or licence as imposed by Chapter 5 or any regulation in terms of section 78; and

- (d) monitor compliance by licensees with any other material provisions of this Act relevant to them or their respective licences.
- (2) In exercising its powers in terms of subsection 1(a)(i), (c) or (d) in relation to technical matters, the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall be assisted by the Broadcasting Technical Committee.
- (3) The Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 63, inquire into and adjudicate any alleged or suspected non-compliance or non-adherence contemplated in subsection (1).

**63. Hearings held by Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee**

- 15/9 (X) (1) Any interested person who has reason to believe that <sup>a licensee is guilty of any</sup> ~~there has been~~ non-compliance or non-adherence of the nature contemplated in section 62(1), ~~on the part of any licensee,~~ <sup>in connection therewith</sup> may lodge a complaint with the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee within thirty days after the occurrence of the alleged or suspected non-compliance or non-adherence. (X) 15/9
- (2) A complaint contemplated in subsection (1) shall be in writing and shall be served on the licensee concerned and be lodged with the Authority for consideration by the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2), a complaint may be delivered by hand or sent by registered post, telefax or telex.
- (4) The Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall as soon as may be reasonably practicable, having ~~due~~ regard to the urgency of the matter, investigate and adjudicate any complaint received by it and shall, in doing so, afford the complainant and the respondent a reasonable opportunity to make (X) 15/9

representations and to be heard in relation thereto.

- (5) The Broadcasting Monitoring <sup>and</sup> / Complaints Committee shall determine the form X  
and procedure as regards the adjudication of any complaint.
- (6) The complainant and the respondent shall be entitled to legal representation at any hearing held by the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee for the purpose of adjudicating a complaint.
- (7) (a) After having considered the complaint and ~~any~~ <sup>the</sup> representations <sup>(if any)</sup> and XX  
evidence ~~(if any)~~ in regard thereto, the Broadcasting Monitoring and X  
Complaints Committee shall make its finding as regards the alleged or suspected non-compliance or non-adherence.
- (b) Any finding in terms of paragraph (a) shall be published in such manner as the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee may in its discretion determine.
- (8) Hearings held in terms of this section shall be open to the public.
- (9) (a) The Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall keep a record of all complaints received by it and of all its proceedings, rulings and findings in relation thereto.
- (b) The records referred to in paragraph (a) shall be filed in the offices of the Authority and be open to ~~public~~ <sup>public</sup> inspection by interested parties 169  
⊗  
during the normal office hours of the Authority.
- (c) The Authority shall at the request of any interested party and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed (if any), furnish him or her with a certified copy of or extract from any record referred to in



paragraph (a).

- (10) With regard to the summoning and examination of witnesses, the administering of the oath or an affirmation, recalcitrant witnesses and the production of books, documents, objects and material, the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall have such powers as may be prescribed.
- (11) The provisions of subsections (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) and (10) shall **mutatis mutandis** apply in relation to any investigation instituted **mero motu** by the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee with regard to any suspected non-compliance or non-adherence of the nature contemplated in section 62(1).

#### 64. Recommendations of Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee

- (1) Upon having made a finding, in terms of subsection (7) of section 63, that any complaint adjudicated by it in terms of that section is justified, the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall in writing make recommendations to the Authority as to which of the steps provided for in paragraphs (a) to (g), inclusive, of subsection (1) of section 66(1), should be taken against the licensee in relation to ~~which~~<sup>whom</sup> such finding was made/ and forward its finding and such recommendations, together with the record of the adjudication proceedings, to the Authority for appropriate action in terms of section 66. XX
- (2) The Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee shall, when forwarding its recommendations to the Authority in terms of subsection (1), simultaneously by written notice addressed to the licensee referred to in that subsection, inform him or her accordingly.

65. Powers of Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee regarding findings made by Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa

- (1) Where the Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa has adjudicated any complaint against a broadcasting licensee who is a member thereof, that body shall forward a certified copy of the record of such adjudication and of its finding to the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee.
- (2) A finding forwarded to the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee as envisaged by subsection (1) shall be dealt with by that body **mutatis mutandis** in accordance with the provisions of section 64 as if such finding was a finding made by ~~the~~ itself in terms of section 63(7).

X

X

66. Powers of Authority in cases of proven non-compliance with Act, licence conditions or certain codes of conduct and, in limited circumstances, with Independent Media Commission Act, 1993

- (1) As soon as may be reasonably practicable after receipt of any record of adjudication and the finding and recommendations relevant thereto, as forwarded to it by the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee in terms of section 64, or section 65 read with section 64 (as the case may be), and having duly taken into account the nature, consequences and gravity of the non-compliance or non-adherence to which such finding relates, the circumstances in which it occurred and the recommendations so received, the Authority shall make any one or more of the following orders, namely -

- (a) where such finding is founded on non-compliance by the ~~broadcasting~~ <sup>respondent</sup> licensee with the provisions of section <sup>58</sup> 59, 60 or 61, ~~during an election~~ <sup>an order where</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>by</sup> ~~period~~ - respondent, if he or she -

16/9  
⊗  
⊗  
⊗

16/9 (X) (i) ~~requiring such broadcasting licensee, if he or she provides a~~  
<sup>is a</sup> sound broadcasting ~~service~~ <sup>licensee, is required</sup> to broadcast a party election broadcast or a political advertisement (as the case may be);

16/9 (X) (ii) ~~requiring the~~ <sup>9</sup> broadcasting licensee, ~~concerned~~ <sup>is required</sup> to broadcast another counter-version of the programme complained of or of the facts or alleged facts stated in ~~or~~ <sup>a counter-version</sup> or opinions expressed ~~within~~ such a programme,

whichever is applicable;

16/9 (X) (b) directing the <sup>respondent</sup> licensee to desist from any further non-compliance or non-adherence;

(X) (c) directing the <sup>respondent</sup> licensee to publish such finding <sup>at his or her own cost</sup> ~~free of charge~~ and in the manner required by the Authority;

16/9 (X) (d) directing the <sup>respondent</sup> licensee to pay, as a <sup>Fines</sup> penalty, the prescribed amount, prescribed in respect of such non-compliance or non-adherence;

(X) (e) directing the <sup>respondent</sup> licensee to take such remedial and other steps, not inconsistent with the objects and principles as enunciated in section 2, as may be determined by the Authority;

16/9 (X) (f) prohibiting <sup>a respondent who is a licensee.</sup> the licensee from carrying on his or her broadcasting service or broadcasting signal distribution service (as the case may be) for such period as determined by the Authority, or revoking his or her licence: Provided that such a prohibition shall not endure for longer than thirty days;

(g) if satisfied that the non-compliance or non-adherence to which such finding relates, constitutes an offence, <sup>an order</sup> directing such record of adjudication and the finding and recommendations of the Broadcasting

Monitoring and Complaints Committee relevant thereto, to be referred to the Attorney General with a view to instituting a criminal prosecution.

- (2) An order in terms of subsection (1)(f) may be made only in circumstances where the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee has <sup>repeatedly</sup> ~~successively~~ in terms of section 63(7) found complaints against a licensee to be justified.
- (3) Where a licensee is by virtue of an order made in terms of subsection (1)(f), temporarily prohibited from carrying on his or her service, the Authority may, for the duration of the period of such prohibition order -
- (a) any premises used or capable of being used by such licensee for the provision of his or her broadcasting service or broadcasting signal distribution service (as the case may be) and any transmitters, apparatus and other equipment used or capable of being used for that purpose, to be sealed;
- (b) seize any transmitters, apparatus and other equipment so used or capable of being so used and retain the same for such period.
- (4) (a) Failure by a licensee to comply with an order made in terms of subsection (1), shall be deemed to constitute non-compliance of the nature contemplated in subsection (1)(d) of section 62, entitling the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee, in relation thereto, to act in terms of subsection (3) of that section.
- (b) The provisions of paragraph (a) may be invoked against the person contemplated therein, irrespective of whether or not such person is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of any offence referred to

in section 67(2)(c) or (d).

16/9 (X) (5) Where the Independent Media Commission established by section 2 of the Independent Media Commission Act, 1993, after <sup>Finalization of any</sup> ~~the~~ adjudication <sup>Proceedings</sup> in terms of section 23 of that Act - 16/9

(a) has found a broadcasting licensee to have contravened the provisions of that Act;

(b) has made an order in terms of section 24(1)(c) of that Act; and

(c) has forwarded a certified copy of the said order and of the record of the adjudication proceedings <sup>relating</sup> relevant thereto to the Authority in accordance with the provisions of section 24(2) of that Act, 16/9 (X)

the Authority may, in relation to such broadcasting licensee make an order contemplated in subsection (1)(f) of this section as if such order were made pursuant to a finding of the Broadcasting Monitoring and Complaints Committee in terms of section 63(7) of this Act.

11  
Principle

05/9/93 (6) ~~The Authority, in making any order in terms of subsection (1)(a) to (f), inclusive, or subsection (5) read with subsection (1)(f), as the case may be, shall observe the rules of natural justice, have been observed.~~ <sup>No</sup> ~~(1)(a), (c), (d), (e), (f)~~ (X)   
 ~~in any particular case be made unless~~

67. Offences and penalties

16/9 (X) (1) If ~~any~~ councillor fails to disclose any interest as required by section 11(2) or, subject to the provisions of that section, <sup>if he or she</sup> is present at the venue where a meeting of the Council is held or in any manner whatsoever participates in the proceedings thereat, such councillor shall be guilty of an offence and liable on 16/9 (X)

conviction to a maximum fine of R100 000.

(2) Any person who -

16/9 (X)

- (a) in applying for ~~an~~ licence in terms of this Act or for the renewal, amendment or transfer of such a licence, in his or her application furnishes any false or misleading information or particulars or makes any statement which is false or misleading in any material respect, or who wilfully fails to disclose any information or particulars material to his or her application;
- (b) contravenes the provisions of section 32, 39, 71 or 74;
- (c) fails to comply with any order made by the Authority in terms of section 66(1)(a), (b), (c), (d) or (e), or contravenes the provisions of section 75;
- (d) acts in disregard of any prohibition imposed by order of the Authority in terms of section 66(1)(f);
- (e) fails to produce any licence issued to him or her under this Act on the demand of any authorised person, or who hinders or obstructs any authorised person in the exercise or performance by the latter of his or her powers, functions or duties in terms of this Act;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction -

- (i) in the case of an offence contemplated in paragraph (a) of this section, to a maximum fine of R250 000;

- (ii) in the case of a contravention of section 32 or 39, to a maximum fine of R500 000;
  - (iii) in the case of a contravention of section 71(1) or 74, and in the case of an offence contemplated in paragraph (d) of this subsection, to a maximum fine of R100 000;
  - (iv) in the case of an offence contemplated in paragraph (c) of this subsection, to a maximum fine of R50 000;
  - (v) in the case of the offences contemplated in paragraph (e) of this subsection, and in the case of ~~the~~<sup>a</sup> contravention of section 71(2), to a maximum fine of R15 000. X  
X 05/9/93
- (3) (a) Any person who, without the written authorisation of the Authority, breaks any seal contemplated in section 66(3)<sup>(a)</sup>, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a maximum fine of R250 000. X
- (b) The court convicting a person of <sup>any</sup> offence referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection may, in addition to any fine which it may impose in terms of that paragraph, declare any transmitters, apparatus and other equipment referred to in section ~~66(4)~~<sup>66(3)</sup> and any article, object or thing by means of which such offence was committed, to be forfeited to the Authority: Provided that no such declaration shall be so made upon proof to the satisfaction of the court that such transmitter, apparatus, equipment, article, object or thing is not the property of the person so convicted and that, as regards such article, object or thing, the owner thereof was unable to prevent it from being used as a means to commit such offence. X

## CHAPTER 9

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### 68. Minutes of Council and its committees

(1) The Authority and each of its committees shall cause minutes to be prepared and kept of the proceedings of every meeting of the Council and such a committee, respectively, and cause <sup>copies of</sup> such minutes to be circulated to all councillors or members of such a committee (as the case may be).

17/9  
X

(2) The minutes prepared in terms of subsection (1), when signed at a subsequent meeting of the Authority or such a committee by the person presiding thereat shall, in the absence of proof of error therein, be deemed to be a true and correct record of the proceedings which they purport to minute and shall, at any proceedings in terms of this Act or before a court of law or any tribunal or commission of inquiry, constitute **prima facie** evidence of the proceedings of the Authority or such committee (as the case may be) and the matters they purport to minute.

#### 69. Delegations

(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (4), the Council may in writing -

(a) delegate to any councillor or any of its committees or to the chief administrative officer any power, function or duty conferred or imposed upon the Authority by or in terms of this Act: Provided that a power, function or duty so delegated to the chief administrative officer may be exercised or performed by any other staff member of



the Authority specially authorised thereto ~~except~~ where the terms of such delegation precludes such officer from doing so; and X

(b) authorise a standing committee or a special committee to exercise or perform any power, function or duty assigned to the Authority by or ~~under~~ <sup>in terms of</sup> this Act. (17/9) X

(2) Any delegation or authorisation under subsection (1) may be made subject to such conditions and restrictions as ~~may be determined by the Council~~ <sup>the Council may</sup> and may at any time be amended or revoked by the Council. X

(3) The Council shall not be divested of any power nor be relieved of any duty which it may have delegated under this section, and may amend or rescind any decision made in terms of ~~a delegation under this section~~ <sup>such</sup>. (17/9) X

(4) The power to grant, renew, amend or transfer any licence ~~and~~ the powers contemplated in sections 16, 18, 21, 23, 26, 56(2), 59, 60, 61, 66 and 78 and in this section, shall not be delegated under this section. X

#### 70. Register of licences

(1) The Authority shall keep a register in which it shall record all licences granted in terms of this Act ~~as well as any amendments to or transfers of such licences~~. X

(2) The register referred to in subsection (1) shall be open to ~~public~~ <sup>persons</sup> inspection by interested ~~parties~~ during the normal office hours of the Authority. (17/9) X

(3) The Authority shall at the request of any ~~person~~ <sup>interested</sup> and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed (if any), furnish him or her with a certified copy of or X

extract from any part of the said register.

**71. Records to be kept by licensees**

- (1) A licensee which is a company shall inform the Authority in writing of any change in the control of that company.
- (2) A broadcasting signal distribution licensee and a broadcasting licensee shall keep such particulars and statistics relating to ~~its~~ <sup>his or her</sup> broadcasting signal distribution activities or broadcasting activities (whichever is applicable) as may be prescribed.

17/9  
X

**72. Authority may demand production of licensees' books and records, etc.**

The Authority may by notice in writing direct a licensee to produce or furnish to the Authority, at a time and place specified in the notice, such documents, accounts, estimates, returns and other records and information as may be specified in such notice and relating to any matter in respect of which a duty or obligation is imposed on the licensee by or in terms of this Act or the regulations, or by the relevant licence.

**73. Powers of authorised persons**

An authorised person may at any reasonable time and without prior notice enter into or onto any premises and -

- (a) inspect, and make copies of or extracts from, specified books of account or other records of the licensee in order to determine whether the licensee is

(X) 17/9

in compliance

and

complying with the terms, conditions, obligations and provisions of his or her licence and with the provisions of this Act, or for any other purpose connected with the achievement of the objects of this Act;

- (b) where a broadcasting service or broadcasting signal distribution service is conducted in or on such premises, demand the production of the necessary broadcasting licence;
- (c) inspect any licence issued to any person under this Act;
- (d) inspect the studio, plant, transmitters, apparatus and other equipment used by any person for the purposes of or in connection with broadcasting or broadcasting signal distribution, as the case may be;
- (e) inspect anything referred to in paragraph (d) which is in the possession of or used by, or suspected of being in the possession of or being used by, any person in contravention of this Act.

74. Transfer of licences

- (1) A licence issued under this Act shall not be transferred -
  - (a) unless the broadcasting service or the broadcasting signal distribution service to which the relevant licence relates, as the case may be, is transferred together with such licence to the same transferee; and
  - (b) without the prior written permission of the Authority.

17/9

in relation to applications

(2) (a) The provisions of sections 41 and 42 governing the procedure applicable to and the granting of broadcasting licences, shall mutatis

STET

**mutandis** apply in relation to applications for the transfer of broadcasting licences and the granting of permission for such transfers.

- (b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (1), the procedure applicable to applications for the transfer of broadcasting signal distribution licences and the granting of permission for such transfers, shall be as prescribed.

**75. Restriction on use of name or description implying connection with Authority**

No person shall apply to any venture, undertaking, business, company or other association or body (whether corporate or incorporate) a name or description signifying or implying some connection between such venture, undertaking, business, company or other association or body <sup>of the one party,</sup> and the Authority <sup>of the other.</sup>

17/9  
X

**76. Limitation of liability**

Neither the chairperson, any councillor or <sup>any</sup> member of a committee of the <sup>Council,</sup> ~~Authority,~~ nor any expert appointed in terms of this Act or any officer or employee of the Authority, shall be personally liable for any damage or loss suffered by any person in consequence of any act or thing which in good faith was performed or done or omitted in the course of the exercise or performance or supposed exercise or performance of any power, function or duty in terms of this Act.

05/09/93

X X

**77. Confidentiality**

Every councillor, every member of any committee of the Council and any member of the staff of the Authority shall aid in preserving secrecy and shall not disclose any

information in regard to any matter which may come to his or her knowledge in the actual or supposed exercise and performance on behalf of the Authority of any of its powers, functions and duties in terms of this Act or in performing any work arising from the functioning or functions of the Authority in terms of this Act, or by virtue of the office held by him, except -

- (a) in so far as the provisions of this Act require or provide for the publication of or access by the public or any interested person to information relating to such matter;
- (b) in so far as may be necessary for the purpose of the due and proper exercise or performance of any power, function or duty in terms of this Act; or X
- (c) on the order of a competent court of law.

**78. Regulations**

(1) The Council may make regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, in relation to -

(a) any matter which in terms of this Act shall or may be prescribed or governed or determined by regulation;

17/9 X

(b) any technical matter necessary or expedient for the regulation of broadcasting activities and the possession and use of transmitters, apparatus and other equipment, including any standards, specifications and prohibitions relevant thereto;

17/9

(c) conferring any additional powers on authorised persons, and the procedures to be followed by such persons; and

17/9 (X) (e) - See (old) par. (a) on p. 94

(d) any matter of procedure or form which may be necessary or expedient to prescribe for the purposes of this Act.

17/9 (X) (2) A regulation in terms of subsection (1) may declare any contravention thereof or failure to comply therewith to be an offence and may in respect thereof ~~provide for the imposition of~~ ~~prescribe~~ a fine of not exceeding R10 000.

17/9 (X) (3) When proposing to make any regulation in relation to any matter, other than a matter ~~of procedure or form~~, <sup>referred to in subsection (1)(d),</sup> the procedures ~~contemplated~~ <sup>STEP</sup> in subsections (2) to (6) of section 28 shall be followed by the Authority.

#### 79. Extraterritorial extension of Authority's jurisdiction by agreement between Republic and any state or territory previously part of Republic

If the Government of the Republic and the government of any state or territory which was previously part of the Republic ~~agree thereto~~ and a law of such state or territory provides therefor -

- XX
- (a) the Authority may exercise and perform in respect of persons and matters in the said state or territory all such powers, functions and duties as ~~it~~ may in terms of this Act exercise and perform in respect of persons and matters in the Republic; and
  - (b) the provisions of this Act shall for the purposes of paragraph (a) be deemed to apply **mutatis mutandis** in such state or territory.

#### 80. Application of Act in event of conflict with other laws

In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Act and those of any other

In view of proposed extensions  
of IBA, words "in the manner  
provided for in the Constitution  
Act" may have to be added.

law, the provisions of this Act shall prevail.

**81. Liquidation**

The Authority shall not be placed in liquidation except under the authority of and in accordance with an Act of Parliament specially adopted for that purpose.

**82. This Act binding on State and State President** X 05/09/93

This Act shall bind the State and shall bind the State President in so far as he or she is required by this Act to act on the advice of the Transitional Executive Council or the National Assembly. X

**83. Short title and ~~date of~~ commencement**

(1) (a) This Act shall be called the Independent Broadcasting Authority Act, 1993, and shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) come into operation on a date to be determined by the Transitional Executive Council and made known by the State President by proclamation in the Gazette. X 05/09/93  
17/9  
X  
which date shall be

(b) Sections 49(6) and 50(3) shall come into operation on the first day of January, 1996.

(2) Different dates may under subsection (1) <sup>(a)</sup> be determined in respect of different provisions of this Act. X



SCHEDULE 1

CONTINUATION OF EXISTING PENSION RIGHTS OF STAFF MEMBERS OF AUTHORITY UPON ASSUMING EMPLOYMENT

1. Any officer or employee who is a member of the Government Service Pension Fund, the Temporary Employees Pension Fund, or any other pension fund or scheme administered by the Department of Finance and Population Development or the pension funds established by section 9 of the Post Office Act, 1958 (Act No. 44 of 1958), and who is employed by the Authority may, upon assuming such employment -

(a) choose to remain member of such fund, and from the date of exercising such a choice, such an officer or employee shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, be deemed to be dormant member of the fund concerned as contemplated in section 15(1)(a) of the General Pensions Act, 1979 (Act No. 29 of 1979); or

(b) request to become a member of the Associated Institutions Pension Fund established under the Associated Institutions Pension Fund Act, 1963 (Act No. 41 of 1963), if the Authority has under section 4 of the said Act been declared to be an associated institution; or

(c) request to become a member of any other pension fund registered under the Pension Funds Act, 1956 (Act No. 24 of 1956).

2. In the case where such an officer or employee becomes a member of a fund in accordance with a request in terms of subparagraph (b) or (c) of paragraph 1 (b) or (c) -

(a) the fund of which he was a member shall transfer to the fund of which he or she

(hereinafter referred to as the new fund)  
becomes a member/an amount equal to the funding level of the ~~first mentioned~~ <sup>former</sup> fund multiplied by the actuarial liability of ~~the~~ <sup>that</sup> fund in respect of that officer or employee as on the date of the commencement of the employment of the officer or employee by the Authority, increased by the amount of interest thereon calculated at the prime rate from the date of the said commencement up to the date of transfer of the amount;

SPACE 149 (X)  
(b) <sup>or her</sup> his membership of the <sup>former</sup> fund of which he was a member shall lapse as from the date of the commencement of his <sup>or her</sup> employment by the Authority and he shall <sup>thereafter</sup> ~~thereafter~~, except as ~~provided~~ <sup>cease to</sup> by subparagraph (a), ~~not~~ <sup>or she</sup> have any further claim against the <sup>former</sup> ~~said~~ fund; <sup>and</sup> except as provided <sup>in sub</sup> paragraph (a); <sup>and</sup> <sup>11/19/93</sup> (X) 149

(c) <sup>former</sup> the fund of which he was a member shall transfer any claim it may have against such officer or employee to the <sup>new</sup> fund of which he so becomes a member.

3. In the case where ~~such~~ <sup>new</sup> an officer or employee becomes a member of a fund <sup>pursuant to</sup> in accordance with a request in terms of ~~subparagraph (c) of paragraph (1)~~ <sup>subparagraph (c) of paragraph (1)</sup> the State shall pay to such <sup>former</sup> fund an amount equal to the difference between the actuarial liability of the <sup>former</sup> fund of which he was a member, in respect of such an officer or employee as on the date of the commencement of his <sup>or her</sup> employment by the Authority, and the amount transferred in terms of ~~subparagraph 2(c) of paragraph (2)~~ <sup>subparagraph 2(c) of paragraph (2)</sup> to the <sup>new</sup> ~~first mentioned~~ fund, increased by the amount of interest thereon calculated at the prime rate from the date of the said commencement up to the date of the transfer of the amount. <sup>11/7/93</sup> (X)

4. The provisions of paragraphs ~~(2) and (3)~~ shall mutatis mutandis apply in respect of an officer or employee who ~~has~~ <sup>is</sup> by virtue of a choice in terms of ~~subparagraph (a) of paragraph (1)~~ <sup>(a) of paragraph (1)</sup> become a dormant member and thereafter requests that his accrued pension benefits be transferred in terms of ~~the provisions of section 15A(1) of the~~ <sup>the provisions of section 15A(1) of the</sup> General Pensions Act, 1979, to a pension fund referred to in the said Act or a <sup>05/9/93</sup> (X) <sup>05/9/93</sup>

pension fund registered in terms of the Pension Funds Act, 1956.

05/9/93  
XX  
XX

5. Where, in the case of any officer or employee referred to in paragraph (1) who has <sup>pursuant to</sup> ~~in consequence of~~ a request in terms of subparagraph (c) of that ~~subsection~~ <sup>paragraph has</sup> become a member of any other pension fund, any lump sum benefit has become payable by such pension fund in consequence of the death of such officer or employee or on his ~~retirement~~ <sup>or retirement</sup> withdrawal or resignation from such pension fund <sup>or</sup> on the winding up of such pension fund, such pension fund shall for the purposes of paragraph (e) of the definition of "gross income" in section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (Act No. 58 of 1962), be deemed in relation to such officer or employee <sup>or have</sup> to be a fund referred to in paragraph (a) of the definition of "pension fund" in the said section 1. XX

05/9/93

XX

6. For the purpose of this Schedule - X

17/9  
X

"actuarial liability" of a pension fund in respect of a particular member or a group of members of such <sup>a</sup> fund means such actuarial liability as determined by an actuary nominated for that purpose by the Minister; X

1

"<sup>level</sup> funding percentage of a pension fund" means the market value of the assets of the fund expressed as a percentage of the total actuarial liability of the fund, after such assets and liabilities have been reduced by the amount of the liabilities of the fund in respect of all its pensioners, as determined at the time of the most recent actuarial valuation of the fund or any review thereof carried out under direction of the <sup>responsible</sup> Minister of ~~National Health and Population Development~~ <sup>State</sup> and X

X

"prime rate" means the average amount prime rate of the three largest banks in the Republic.

SCHEDULE 1 X

(Section 56) (X) 14/9

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR BROADCASTING SERVICES  
(Section 56)

1. Preamble

05/09/93

The fundamental principle to be upheld is that the freedom of all broadcasting <sup>licenses</sup> services is indivisible from, and subject to the same restraints as <sup>those relevant to</sup> that of the individual <sup>person</sup> and <sup>is founded</sup> on the individual's fundamental right to be informed and freely ~~to~~ receive and ~~to~~ disseminate opinions.

2. General

(SPACE) 05/9/93

X Broadcasting <sup>licenses</sup> ~~services~~ shall X

(1) not <sup>broadcast any</sup> ~~present~~ material which is indecent or obscene or offensive to public <sup>or</sup> morals, <sup>any</sup> which is <sup>or</sup> offensive to the religious convictions or feelings of <sup>any</sup> section of the population, which is <sup>or</sup> likely to <sup>prejudice</sup> ~~harm~~ relations between sections of the population or is likely to ~~prejudice~~ the safety of the State or public order; X

X (2) not, without due care and sensitivity, present material which <sup>depicts or relates to</sup> ~~contains~~ brutality, violence, atrocities, drug abuse and obscenity; X

(3) exercise due care and responsibility in the presentation of programmes where a large number of children are likely to be part of the audience.

3. News

- X (1) Broadcasting <sup>licensees</sup> services shall be obliged to report news truthfully, accurately and objectively.
  
- X (2) News shall be presented in the correct context and in a balanced manner, without an intentional or negligent departure from the facts, whether by <sup>⊖</sup> ~~⊖~~ <sup>⊙</sup> ~~⊙~~ XXX
  - (a) distortion, exaggeration or misrepresentation;
  - (b) material omissions; or
  - (c) summarisation.
  
- X (3) Only that which may reasonably be true, having due regard to the source of the news, may be presented as facts, and such facts shall be broadcast fairly with due regard to context and importance. Where a report is not based on facts or is founded on opinion, <sup>Supposition</sup> ~~allegation~~, rumour <sup>or allegations,</sup> ~~and supposition~~, it shall be presented in such manner as to indicate this clearly <sup>that such is the case.</sup> 17/9
  
- X (4) Where there <sup>exists</sup> ~~is~~ reason to doubt the correctness of a report and it is practicable to verify the correctness thereof, it shall be verified. Where such verification is not practicable, that fact shall be mentioned in such a report.
  
- X (5) Where it subsequently appears that a broadcast report was incorrect in a material respect, it shall be rectified <sup>forthwith,</sup> ~~spontaneously~~ and without reservation or delay. The <sup>rectification</sup> ~~correction~~ shall be presented with <sup>such</sup> ~~a~~ degree of prominence and timing <sup>as may be</sup> ~~which is~~ adequate and fair so as <sup>to</sup> ~~readily~~ attract attention. XXX
  
- (6) Reports, photographs or video material relating to matters involving indecency or obscenity shall be presented with due sensitivity <sup>due regard being had to</sup> ~~towards~~ the prevailing <sup>of</sup> ~~of~~ 17/9

moral climate. In particular, broadcasting <sup>licensees</sup> services shall avoid the broadcasting of obscene and lascivious matter.

(7) divulged in any broadcast without the <sup>prior</sup> consent of the victim concerned. X

#### 4. Comment

X (1) Broadcasting <sup>licensees</sup> services shall be entitled to comment upon <sup>and</sup> or criticise any actions or events of public importance. 20/a  
X

X (2) Comment shall be presented in such manner that it appears clearly ~~that it is~~ <sup>such</sup> to be ~~comment~~, and shall be made on facts truly stated or fairly indicated and referred to.

(3) Comment shall be an honest expression of opinion.

#### 5. Controversial issues of public importance

X (1) In presenting a programme in which controversial issues of public importance are discussed, a <sup>broadcasting licensee</sup> ~~broadcaster~~ shall make reasonable efforts to fairly present significant points of view either in the same programme or in a subsequent programme forming part of the same series of programmes presented within a reasonable period of time and at substantially the same time slot. X

X (2) A person whose views have been criticised in a broadcasting programme on a controversial issue of public importance, shall be given a reasonable opportunity by the broadcasting <sup>licensee</sup> ~~service~~ to reply to such criticism, should that person so request. X

6. Elections

X During an <sup>4</sup>election period, the provisions of sections 58, 59, 60 and 61 of this Act shall apply and all broadcasting services shall <sup>those</sup> in terms of ~~these~~ sections, be subject to the jurisdiction of the Authority. X

7. Privacy

In so far as both news and comment are concerned, broadcasting <sup>licensees</sup> ~~services~~ shall exercise exceptional care and consideration in matters involving the private lives and <sup>private</sup> concerns of individuals, bearing in mind that the right to privacy may be overridden by a legitimate public interest. X

8. Payment for information from a criminal (X) 17/9

05/09/93 X No payment shall be made to persons involved in crime or other notorious ~~mis~~behaviour, or to persons <sup>who</sup> have been engaged in crime or other notorious ~~mis~~behaviour in order to obtain information concerning such behaviour, unless compelling societal interests indicate the contrary. X

SCHEDULE 3

X INSTANCES OF CONTROL OF PRIVATE BROADCASTING LICENCES,  
NEWSPAPER AND COMPANIES

LICENSEES, X

X X (Section 1(z))  
L (~~Section 2~~)

1. Control of a private broadcasting licensee

(1) For the purposes of this Act, a person shall control or be in a position to exercise control over any existing or prospective private broadcasting licensee if, amongst others -

17/9 (X)

(a) such person, either alone or together with an associate, is in a position to exercise control over the <sup>such</sup> broadcasting licensee; X

17/9 (X)  
(X)

(b) such person, either alone or together with an associate, is in a position to exercise direct or indirect control over the selection or provision of a significant proportion of the programmes broadcast or proposed to be broadcast by the <sup>such</sup> broadcasting licensee, ~~or prospective broadcasting licensee;~~

(X)

(c) such person, either alone or together with an associate, is in a position to exercise direct or indirect control over a significant proportion of the operations of the <sup>such</sup> broadcasting licensee in providing a broadcasting service under the broadcasting licence;

(d) such person, either alone or together with an associate <sup>(c)</sup> is in a position - X



(i) where the licensee or prospective licensee is a company, to veto any action taken by the board of directors of such licensee or to appoint or secure <sup>or veto</sup> the appointment of ~~or veto~~ the ~~appointment of~~ at least half of the board of directors of such licensee; or

(ii) to give or exercise in any other manner, whether directly or indirectly, direction or restraint over any substantial issue affecting the management or affairs of the broadcasting licensee; or

17/9 (X) (e) the existing or prospective broadcasting licensee or, where <sup>such a licensee</sup> ~~he or she~~ is a company, more than fifty per cent of the directors of such company -

(i) acts or is accustomed to act; or

17/9 (X) (ii) under a contract <sup>or</sup> arrangement or understanding (whether formal or informal) is destined, required or expected to act,

in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of, or in concert with, such person or such person and his or her associate acting together or, if such person is a company, the directors of <sup>the latter</sup> ~~any other~~ company.

(2) Subparagraph (1)(b) shall not apply in relation to the provision of programmes by a person to a broadcasting licensee under any agreement if the conditions of such agreement relate only to the programmes so provided or to the promotion thereof.

- (3) An employee of a broadcasting licensee shall not by virtue of the provisions of subparagraph (1) be regarded as being in a position to exercise control over such licensee merely because of his or her being an employee, except where he or she is placed in such a position of control by virtue of his or her association with any other person.
- (4) More than one person may be in a position to exercise control over a licensee.

2. Control of a newspaper

(1) For the purposes of this Act, a person shall control or be in a position to exercise control over a newspaper if -

(a) such person is the publisher of the newspaper;

X (b) such person is in a position, either alone or <sup>together</sup> ~~in association~~ with any ~~other person~~ <sup>associate</sup>, and either directly or indirectly - X

(i) to exercise control over a significant proportion of the operations of the publisher in publishing the newspaper; or

(ii) to exercise control over the selection or provision of a significant proportion of the material to be published in the newspaper;

X X (c) where the newspaper is published by a company, the person, either <sup>together</sup> alone or ~~in association~~ with any <sup>associate</sup> ~~other person~~, is in a position -

(i) to exercise control over such company;

(ii) to veto any action taken by the board of directors of such company;

(iii) to appoint or secure <sup>or veto</sup> the appointment of ~~or veto the appointment of~~ at least one half of the board of directors of such company; or

(iv) to give or exercise, in any other manner, whether directly or indirectly, direction or restraint over any substantial issue affecting the management of affairs of such company; or

(d) where the newspaper is published by a company, the company or more than fifty per cent of its directors -

(i) acts, or is accustomed to act; or

(ii) under a contract or an arrangement (whether formal or informal) is destined, required or expected to act,

in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of, or in concert with, such person or such person and his or her associate acting together or, if such person is a company, the directors of ~~any~~ <sup>the latter</sup> ~~other~~ company.

17/9 (X)  
(2) <sup>Subparagraph</sup> ~~Subsection~~ (1)(b)(ii) shall not apply in relation to the provision of material by a person to a newspaper under any agreement for the supply of material of that kind if the conditions of such agreement relate only to the material so provided.

(3) An employee of the publisher of a newspaper shall not by virtue of the provisions of subparagraph (1) be regarded as being in a position to exercise

control over such newspaper merely because of his or her being an employee, except where he or she is placed in such a position of control by virtue of his or her association with any other person.

3. **Deemed control of a company**

Without derogating from ~~the provisions~~ of any law or from ~~any rule of~~ <sup>the</sup> common law, and in the absence of proof to the contrary, a person shall be regarded as being in control of, or being in a position to exercise control over, a company if he or she has equity shareholding in the company exceeding twenty-five per cent or has other financial interests therein <sup>equal to</sup> at least twenty-five per cent of its nett assets.

17/9  
X  
X 17/9

SCHEDULE 4

DETERMINATION BY LOT FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 6(2)(c)

1. Upon having appointed the six additional councillors in terms of section 6 of this Act, the appointing body shall forthwith proceed, in an open and transparent manner, to determine <sup>by lot,</sup> as required by subsection (2)(c) of that section, which three of such six additional councillors shall vacate their offices upon the expiration of two years after their appointment, for which purpose that appointing body shall designate from its own number the person who shall conduct the lot (hereinafter referred to as the designated person). X

2. The designated person shall thereupon ensure that the name of each one of the six additional councillors is written on a separate piece of paper of equal and <sup>identical</sup> ~~similar~~ shape and colour. X

3. The designated person <sup>shall</sup> display the six pieces of paper contemplated in paragraph 2 to every person who is present at the place where the lot is being conducted and who is desirous of inspecting any such piece of paper. The designated person shall thereafter fold every such piece of paper in such a manner that the names thereon are not visible, and place all such pieces of paper in an empty container.

4. The designated person shall, thereupon appoint an impartial person <sup>(hereinafter referred to as the drawer)</sup> to draw three pieces of paper from the <sup>said</sup> ~~set~~ container ~~pieces of paper (hereinafter referred to as the drawer)~~. X

5. The designated person shall thereupon <sup>after</sup> ~~upon~~ shake the container in such a manner as to thoroughly mix the pieces of paper therein, and shall hold such container in such a position that the drawer is unable to see the pieces of paper in <sup>= side.</sup> ~~such container~~. X

6. The drawer shall thereafter draw three pieces of paper from such container ~~as may be necessary to determine the matter in respect of which the lot and shall, without unfolding each piece of paper so drawn,~~ <sup>any of the</sup> hand <sup>them</sup> such three pieces of paper to the designated person, without unfolding any of them.

X  
X  
X  
X  
12/9

7. The designated person shall <sup>than</sup> ~~after having drawn three pieces of paper from the set container,~~ <sup>of the three</sup> <sup>(=3)</sup> unfold each piece of paper handed to him as contemplated in paragraph 6, read out the names written thereon and display every such piece of paper to every person who is present at the place where the lot is being conducted and who is desirous of inspecting ~~any such piece of paper.~~ The same.

X  
X  
X  
X

8. <sup>three</sup> The persons whose names have been so drawn shall vacate their offices as councillors two years after the date of their appointment as such.

X